

DOC09081D Ref. 0146259D

Emergency Locator Transmitters

Orolia S.A.S. - A Company of the Orolia Group

INITIAL INSTALLATION MANUAL



AF INTEGRA / AF-H INTEGRA
With built-in GPS and Integral Antenna

Revision 03 TP PAGE : 1

First issue: OCT 10/2010 Date of rev.: JUN 20/2013

Users are kindly requested to notify Orolia S.A.S of any discrepancy, omission or error found in this manual.

Please report to our customer support:

E-mail: <u>support.sar@orolia.com</u> Tel.: +33 (0)2 97 02 49 00



TABLE OF CONTENTS

Introduction	1
KANNAD INTEGRA System Presentation	1
System overview	
Transmitter and bracket	3
Remote Control Panels (RCP)	3
RC100 KIT	
RC102 KIT	
RC200	
RC300 / RC300 NVG	
RC310	
RC600 NVG	
RC800 / RC810 External antennas	
Registration	
General	
Registration in USARegistration in Canada	
ELT Installation	
ELT and bracket installation recommendations	_
FAA Recommendations	
TSO C126a Section 5 b. Application Data Requirements	
RTCA DO-182 Recommandations	
RTCA DO-204a Requirements	
ELT location recommendations	
Bracket installation procedure	
Determine location and direction	
Fix the mounting bracket	. 13
ELT installation procedure	. 15
Antenna Installation	17
Antenna Installation Recommendations	. 17
FAA Recommendations	. 17
RTCA DO-204 Recommendations for external antenna location	
External Antenna Location	
Antenna installation procedure	
RCP installation	
RCP Installation Recommendations	
RCP Installation Procedure	_
DIN-12 connector, programming dongles other than AIRBUS dongles	
AIRBUS Programming dongles	
RC100	
RC102	
RC200RC300 / RC300-NVG	
RC310	
RC600 NVG	
RC800	
RC810	



TABLE OF CONTENTS

Outside Buzzer Installation	32
ELT Connection	33
First power up procedure	34
ELT operational tests	34
RCP operational tests	35
406 and 121.5 MHz transmission test	36
406 MHz	36
121.5 MHz	36
Outline dimensions and weights	38
Wiring diagrams	56
Compatibility list for INTEGRA ELTs System	69
Mounting brackets	69
Remote control panels (RCP)	69
DIN-12 connector or programming dongles	
Outside buzzer	
External antennas	70



1. Introduction

The instructions in this manual provide the information necessary for the initial installation of AF INTEGRA / AF-H INTEGRA ELT system.

2. KANNAD INTEGRA System Presentation

A. System overview

NOTE: for details of approved part number of AF INTEGRA / AF-H INTEGRA system, Refer to Section 12. Compatibility list for INTEGRA ELTs System, page 69.

AF INTEGRA / AF-H INTEGRA system is composed of:

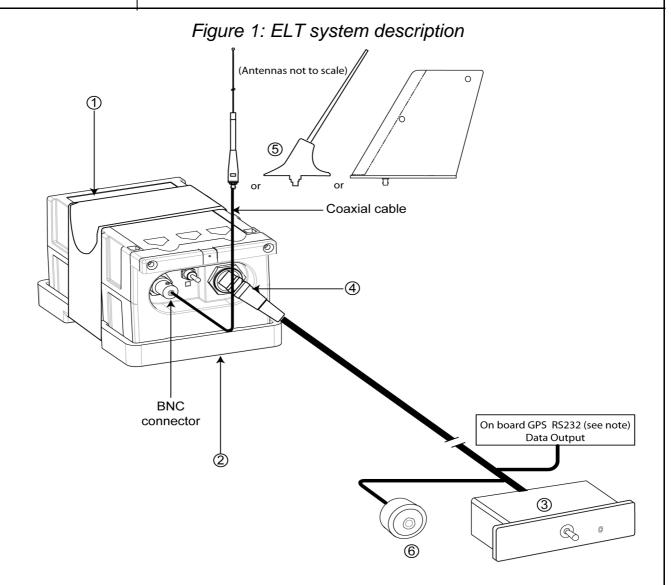
- 1. a transmitter;
- 2. a mounting bracket;
- 3. a remote control panel (RCP)^(see note 1);
- a DIN-12 connector or programming dongle to connect the RCP or a Dongle IF GPS RS232^(see note 2) to connect the RCP and an on board RS232 GPS;
- 5. an approved external whip, rod or blade antenna;
- 6. an outside buzzer.

The most effective external antenna configuration is on top of the fuselage, aft of the wing or near the vertical stabilizer. The ELT and mounting bracket should be mounted in the aircraft as close as the antenna as practicable with a coaxial cable towards the antenna as short as possible. The remote control panel⁽¹⁾ is installed in the cockpit and connected to the ELT with a 2, 3, 4-wire bundle (not supplied) according to the type of Remote Control Panel.

Note: (1) The RCP is optional only if the commands and controls of the ELT are reachable and visible from the pilot seated position. (RTCA DO-204A): "Equipment control and indicator installed for in-flight use shall be readily accessible from the cockpit crew position. The cockpit crew shall have an unobstructed view of visual indicator when in the normal seated position."

Note: (2) GPS/NAV Interface with an on board RS232 GPS







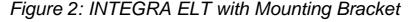
B. Transmitter and bracket

The ELT must be installed into one of the approved mounting brackets.

It may be installed on its standard mounting bracket or on a Universal Mounting Bracket to re-use existing drilling for retrofit.

Refer to Section 12. Compatibility list for INTEGRA ELTs System, page 69 for Part Numbers of approved mounting brackets.

The bracket installed near the tail is designed to fix the ELT with a Velcro® strap. This enables quick removal of the ELT for maintenance or exchange.





C. Remote Control Panels (RCP)

Refer to Section 12. Compatibility list for INTEGRA ELTs System, page 69 for Part Numbers of approved RCPs.

The RCP must be installed in the cockpit to monitor and control the ELT status. It must be connected via a 2, 3, or 4-wire bundle to the DIN-12 socket of the ELT (2, 3, 4-wire bundle is not supplied)

Note: An optional outside buzzer assembly can be connected to the ELT-RCP. It gives an audio indication of emergency location transmitter (ELT) activation. It is supplied with a mounting tray to install the buzzer on the aircraft.



Figure 3: Outside buzzer



(1)RC100 KIT

The RC100 remote control panel is connected to the ELT via a 3-wire cable equipped with a DIN-12 connector or optional programming dongle on the ELT side and directly connected to the RCP on the other side.

Figure 4: RC100 Remote Control Panel



(2) RC102 KIT

The RC102 remote control panel is connected to the ELT via a 2-wire cable equipped with a DIN-12 connector or optional programming dongle on the ELT side and directly connected to the RCP on the other side. 2 types of front panels are supplied in the kit. The appropriate front panel should be choosen according to the place available on the aircraft's instrument panel.

Note: the optional outside buzzer is not available with this RCP.

Figure 5: RC102 Remote Control Panel







(3) RC200

The RC200 or RC200 NVG remote control panel is connected to the ELT via a 3 or 4-wire bundle equipped with a DIN-12 connector or optional programming dongle on the ELT side and a D-SUB Female 9 pins connector on the other side.

Figure 6: RC200 Remote Control Panel



(4) RC300 / RC300 NVG

The RC300 is connected to the ELT via a 4-wire bundle equipped with a DIN-12 connector or optional programming dongle on the ELT side and a D-SUB 9 PTS Male connector on the other side.

Figure 7: RC300 Remote Control Panel





(5) RC310

The RC310 is connected to the ELT via a 4-wire bundle equipped with a DIN-12 connector or optional programming dongle on the ELT side and a D-SUB 9 pins Female connector on the other side

Figure 8: RC310 Remote Control Panel



(6) RC600 NVG

The RC600 NVG is connected to the ELT via a 5-wire bundle equipped with a DIN-12 connector or optional programming dongle on the ELT side and a female 22-pin connector on the other side.

Figure 9: RC600 NVG Remote Control Panel



(7) RC800 / RC810

RC800 and RC810 are connected to the ELT via a 4 or 5-wire bundle equipped with a DIN-12 connector or optional programming dongle on the ELT side and a Jaeger female 19-pin connector on the other side

Figure 10: RC800 / 810 Remote Control Panels





D. External antennas

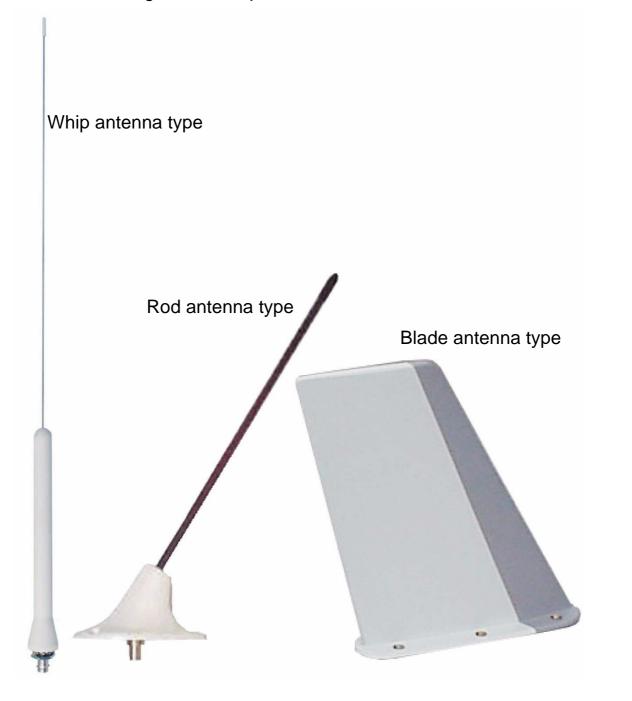
The external antenna can be either of whip, rod or blade type according to aircraft speed.

Connection to the ELT will be carried out with a 50 Ohm coaxial cable ended with two male BNC connectors.

IMPORTANT NOTICE: KANNAD recommends a cable with <u>radio electric</u> properties similar or better to those of a RG58 cable.

Note: the 50 Ohm coaxial cable and the male BNC connectors are not supplied.

Figure 11: Whip, rod and blade antennas



PAGE: 7

JUN 20/2013



3. Registration

A. General

The ELT must be registered prior to installation onboard.

When a 406 MHz ELT is installed in an aircraft, it is imperative that the aircraft owner register the ELT. Each 406 MHz ELT contains a unique identification code that is transmitted to the satellite. This helps the "Rescue Coordination Center" (RCC) determine whether an emergency has actually occurred. The unique identification permits accessing a data base. The registration card available from the local registration authority must be completed and returned to this authority. Any change of ownership shall also be declared and registered with the local registration authority.

B. Registration in USA

Mail or Fax your registration form to:

SARSAT BEACON REGISTRATION

NOAA

NSOF, E/SPO53

1315 East West Hwy

Silver Spring, MD 20910

or Save Time! Register your beacon online at:

www.beaconregistration.noaa.gov

All online registrations will be entered into the National 406 MHz Beacon Registration Database on the same day of entry. Registration forms received via postal mail will be entered within 2 business days of receipt. For online registrations, a confirmation letter with your completed registration information form will be sent immediately via e-mail or fax (if provided). Confirmation letters sent via postal mail should arrive within two weeks. Once your registration confirmation is received, please review all information. Any changes or updates to your registration information can be done via the internet, fax, e-mail or postal mail. If you do not receive your registration confirmation from NOAA on the same day you submit it over the internet or within two weeks if you submit it by postal mail, please call NOAA toll-free at: 1-888-212-SAVE (7283) or 301-817-4515 for assistance.

After initial registration (or re-registration) you will receive a NOAA Proof of Registration Decal by postal mail. This decal is to be affixed to the beacon and should be placed in such a way that it is clearly visible. If for some reason you do not receive the registration decal within two weeks, please call NOAA toll-free at: 1-888-212-SAVE (7283) or 301-817-4515.

Failure to register, re-register (as required every two years), or to notify NOAA



of any changes to the status of your 406 MHz beacon could result in penalties and/or fines being issued under Federal Law. The owner or user of the beacon is required to notify NOAA of any changes to the registration information at any time. By submitting this registration the owner, operator, or legally authorized agent declares under penalty of law that all information in the registration information is true, accurate, and complete. Providing information that is knowingly false or inaccurate may be punishable under Federal Statutes. Solicitation of this information is authorized by Title 47 - Parts 80, 87, and 95 of the U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). Additional registration forms can be found on the NOAA-SARSAT website at:

www.sarsat.noaa.gov or at: www.beaconregistration.noaa.gov

C. Registration in Canada

Beacon information is held in the Canadian Beacon Registry maintained by the National Search and Rescue Secretariat for use in search and rescue operations. Online access to the Registry is available for all beacon owners to register new beacons or to update their beacon information. You can add or update your beacon information by accessing the registry directly, sending in a completed registration form or by talking to one of our beacon registry representatives.

You can access the registry:

• online: <u>www.canadianbeaconregistry.com</u>

• by email: CBR@Sarnet.dnd.ca

• by fax: 1-613-996-3746

• by telephone: 1-800-727-9414 or 1-613-996-1616

The registration information must be updated when the aircraft ownership changes as per the Canadian Airworthiness Notice AN B029 (refer to following link):

http://www.nss.gc.ca/site/Emergency Beacons/canadian beacon registry e.asp Additional information and registration forms can be found on the Canadian NSS website at:

http://www.nss.gc.ca/site/cospas-sarsat/INTRO e.asp



4. ELT Installation

A. ELT and bracket installation recommendations

The ELT shall not be installed within 30cm (1 ft) of a compass or flux gate.

The distance between ELT and antenna shall be determined so that, according to the coaxial cable choosen.

The ELT front panel should be easily accessible to connect the external antenna and the remote control panel device and to check the ELT good operation (controls and lights).

(1)FAA Recommendations

Installation must be made by qualified personnel in accordance with FAA regulations. Duplicating a previous installation may not be acceptable. Refer to:

FAA - Advisory Circular 43.13-2B (Acceptable Methods, Techniques, and Practices - Aircraft Alterations), specifically, Chapters 1, 2, 11 and 13.

(2) TSO C126a Section 5 b. Application Data Requirements

"The conditions and tests for TSO approval of this article are minimum performance standards. Those installing this article, on or in a specific type or class of aircraft, must determine that the aircraft installation conditions are within the TSO standards. TSO articles must have separate approval for installation in an aircaft. The article may be installed only according to 14 CFR part 43 of the applicable airworthiness requirements".

(3) RTCA DO-182 Recommandations

"All ELT system components which must survive to a crash intact,...should be attached to the airframe in such a manner that the attachment system can support a 100g load... in the plus and minus directions of the three principal axes of the aircraft."

(4) RTCA DO-204a Requirements

"The ELT unit shall be mounted to primary aircraft load-carrying structures such as trusses, bulkheads, longerons, spars or floor beams (not aircraft skin) or a structure that meets the requirements of the following test. The mounts shall have a maximum static local deflection no greater than 2.5 mm when a force of 450 Newtons (100 lbf) is applied to the mount in the most flexible direction. Deflection measurements shall be made with reference to another part of the airframe not less than 0.3 m or more than 1.0 m from the mounting location. Typical approaches for adding shelf and rail platform mounting provisions to aircraft structure as shown an FAA Advisory circular 43.13-2(), Chapter 2."



B. ELT location recommendations

Orolia S.A.S. provides additional safety functions in the INTEGRA ELT such as built-in GPS and integral antenna.

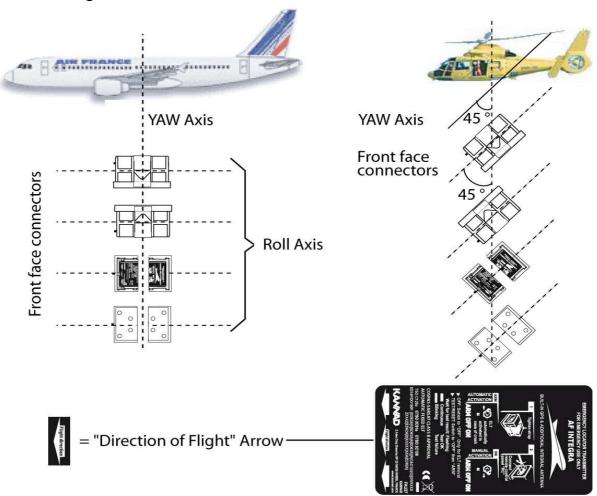
If the link towards the external antenna is defective, the integral antenna, protected by the high resistance housing of the ELT, may help to establish a link towards the satellites COSPAS-SARSAT system.

However, Orolia S.A.S. cannot control neither the environment of the ELT when a crash occurs nor a too important metallic structure around the ELT. For these reasons, Orolia S.A.S. recommends to install the ELT in a location in such a way that the vertical extension of the integral antenna is exposed to a RF transparent window.

C. Bracket installation procedure

(1)Determine location and direction

Figure 12: KANNAD AF INTEGRA, axis of installation



- Determine the location of the ELT onboard according to paragraph A. ELT and bracket installation recommendations page 10.
- The G-Switch axis shall be directed to sense the primary crash pulse



along the longitudinal axis of the aircraft. Reference to the G-Switch is given by the arrow "Flight direction" on the label affixed to the top of the ELT.

(a) Fixed wing aircraft with AF INTEGRA

Refer to Figure 12: KANNAD AF INTEGRA, axis of installation.

The G-Switch sensor axis shall be pointed to sense the primary crash pulse along the longitudinal axis of the aircraft (with maximum tolerance of $\pm 2^{\circ}$). Consequently, the AF INTEGRA shall be mounted:

- with the arrow of the "Flight direction" label pointed towards the front of the aircraft;
- in any position parallel to the roll axis.

(b) Helicopters with AF INTEGRA

Refer to Figure 12: KANNAD AF INTEGRA, axis of installation.

AF INTEGRA may be installed on helicopter. The ELT unit should be mounted (with maximum tolerance of $\pm 2^{\circ}$):

- with "Flight direction" arrow towards the front of the helicopter;
- with the front face connectors pointing downwards at a 45° angle to the yaw axis;
- in any position parallel to the 45° axis.

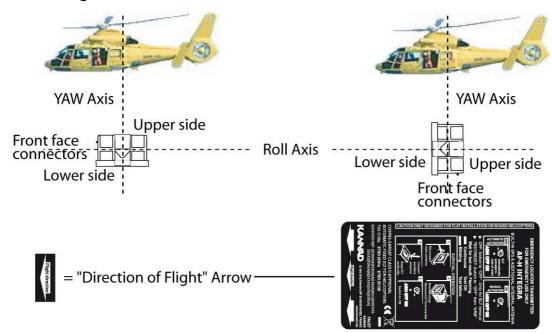
(c) Helicopters with AF-H INTEGRA

Refer to Figure 13: KANNAD AF-H INTEGRA, axis of installation.

IMPORTANT: AF-H INTEGRA is designed to be mounted on board helicopters only.



Figure 13: KANNAD AF-H INTEGRA, axis of installation



The "Direction of Flight " arrow shall point towards the front or the bottom of the helicopter (and not pointing 45° downwards):

- If the AF-H INTEGRA is installed with the "Direction of Flight " arrow pointing towards the front of the helicopter, the ELT shall be mounted with the upper side pointing towards the top of the helicopter.
- If the AF-H INTEGRA is installed with the "Direction of Flight " arrow pointing towards the bottom of the helicopter, the ELT shall be installed with the lower side pointing towards the front of the helicopter

(2) Fix the mounting bracket

- Drill 4 holes Ø 6 mm in the aircraft structure according to "Drilling mask":
 Refer to Compact Mounting bracket (\$1840502- 01), Outline
 dimensions and weight, page 40 [Inner holes (1, 2, 3, 4) should be
 preferred] or Refer to Compact Universal Mounting bracket (\$184050202), Outline dimensions and weight, page 41 according to mounting
 bracket used.
- If the attachement system is not solid enough to withstand a 100G load ([ELT + bracket weight] x 100) on the bracket, a reinforcement plate (not supplied) should be installed as shown Figure 14: Bracket installation in order to be compliant with the RTCA DO-182 recommendation.
- Fix the bracket with the 4 screws, 8 washers and 4 nylstop nuts supplied.



IMPORTANT: tighten to a torque between 4 and 5 Newton x meter.

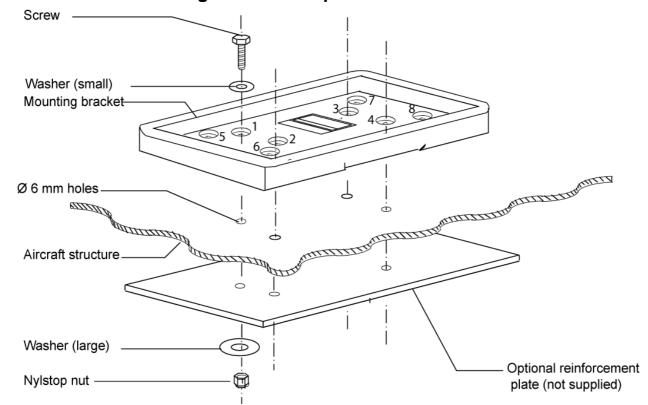


Figure 14: Bracket installation



D. ELT installation procedure

Refer to Figure 15: Installing the transmitter on the bracket page 16

- 1. Mount the transmitter on the bracket
 - For AF INTEGRA or AF INTEGRA (ER), with "Flight Direction Arrow" of the ELT pointed towards the front of the aircraft, according to Figure 12: KANNAD AF INTEGRA, axis of installation page 11.
 - For AF-H INTEGRA or AF-H INTEGRA (ER), with "Flight Direction Arrow" of the ELT pointed towards the front or downwards the helicopter according to Figure 13: KANNAD AF-H INTEGRA, axis of installation page 13.
- 2. Slide the self-stripping strap through the buckle. Ensure the buckle is correctly positioned (indifferently on right or left side of ELT) regarding the horizontal center line of ELT as shown Detail A.
- 3. Fasten the self-stripping strap tightly.

CAUTION:

AN INCORRECT TIGHTENING OF THE HOOK AND LOOP FASTENER COULD LEAD TO AN UNSAFE SITUATION BY THE ELT PREVENTING THE TRANSMISSION OF THE DISTRESS MESSAGE IMPORTANT:

Once installed in the mounting bracket, the installer must be sure that the transmitter is firmly attached in its bracket by trying to extract it manually, thereby verifying there is no play and that it remains attached when extraction from the bracket is attempted.



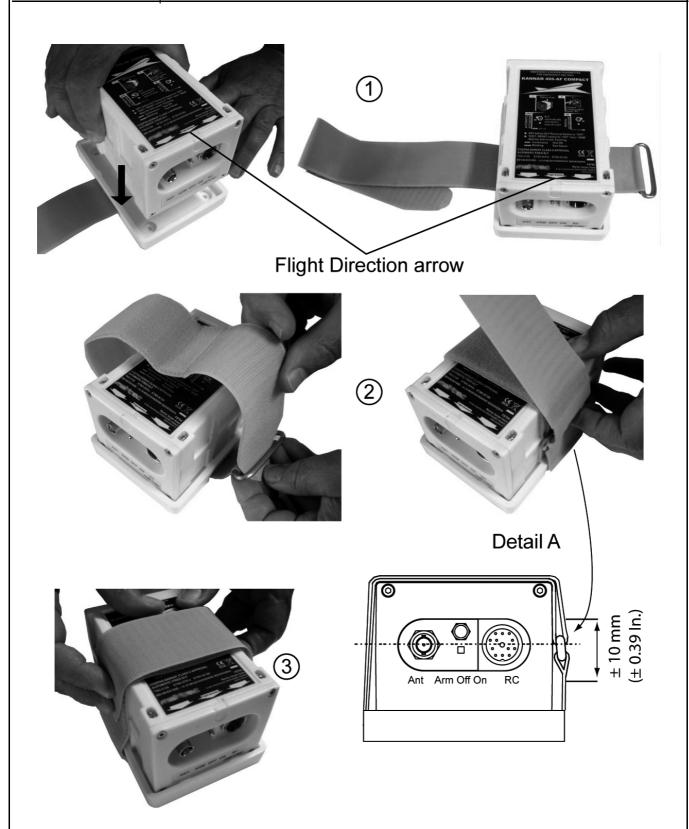


Figure 15: Installing the transmitter on the bracket

PAGE: 16

JUN 20/2013



5. Antenna Installation

Use only whip, rod or blade approved antennas.

A. Antenna Installation Recommendations

(1)FAA Recommendations

Installation must be made by qualified personnel in accordance with FAA regulations. Duplicating a previous installation may not be acceptable. Methods for installing antenna are outlined in AC43.13-12, refer to:

FAA - Advisory Circular 43.13-2B (Acceptable Methods, Techniques, and Practices - Aircraft Alterations), specifically, Chapters 1, 3, 11 and 13.

(2) RTCA DO-204 Recommendations for external antenna location

"ELT antennas should be located away from other antennas to avoid disruption of antenna radiation patterns."

"Idealistically, for the 121.5 MHz ELT antenna, 2.5 meter separation is sufficient separation from VHF communications and navigation receiving antennas to minimize unwanted interferences."

"ELT antennas should be vertically polarized when the aircraft is in the normal flight attitude."

"ELT antenna mounting surface should be able to whistand a static load equal to 100 times the antenna weight applied at the antenna mounting base in all directions."

"The antenna should be mounted as close to the respective ELT as applicable. The proximity of the ELT antenna to any vertically-polarized communications antenna shall be such as to minimize radio frequency interference and radiation pattern distorsion of either antenna. Coaxial cable connecting the ELT antenna installation should not cross the aircraft production breaks and should have vibrations proof RF connectors on each end. The coaxial connecting the ELT transmitter to the external Antenna should be secured to the aircraft structure and when the coaxial cable is installed and the connectors are mated, each end should be have some slack."

(3) External Antenna Location

EUROCAE ED62A § 6.1.10.2

"The most effective antenna configuration for typical high-wing and low-wing aircraft is an external antenna, on top of the fuselage, and aft of the wing (high-wing), or near the vertical stabilizer (low-wing). Both ELT antennas should be located away from other antennas to avoid disruption



of antenna radiation patterns. Detuning of the 121.5 MHz antenna may be required avoid the effects of radiated inter-modulation products which may be possible from non-operating 121.5 MHz ELTs exposed to high levels of RF energy.

Idealistically, for the 121.5 MHz ELT antenna, 2.5 meter separation is sufficient separation from VHF communications and navigation receiving antennas to minimize unwanted interference. The 406 MHz ELT antenna should be positioned at least 0.8 m from VHF communications and navigation receiving antennas to minimize interference.

External antennas, which have been shown to be compatible with particular ELT will either be part of the ETSO/TSO'd ELT or will be identified in the ELT manufacturer's installation instructions.

Recommended methods for installing antenna are outlined in FAA AC 43.13-2B. The Antenna should be mounted as close to the respective ELT as practicable."

B. Antenna installation procedure

The antenna must be mounted on the top of the aircraft to assure maximum visibility of satellites. The upper aft portion of the fuselage should be preferred. It should be mounted away from projections such as a propeller, tail surfaces, or the shadow of large antennas. It is the responsibility of the installation agency to determine the appropriate and adequate antenna installation.

Locate a position on the fuselage according to Section (2) RTCA DO-204 Recommendations for external antenna location, page 17:

A double plate may be necessary for the antenna to meet rigidity specifications in Section (2) RTCA DO-204 Recommendations for external antenna location, page 17.

A 9 Kilogram force (20 pound force) applied in all direction should not cause an appreciable distorsion in the aircraft skin.

Each of the approved antennas requires a ground plane. On fabric-covered aircraft or aircraft with other types on nonmetallic skins, a ground plane must be added. This can be accomplished by providing a number of metal foil strips in a radial position from the antenna base and secured under the fabric or wood skin of the aircraft. The length of each foil radial should be at least equal to the antenna length and width at least 1 inch due to the diameter of the antenna. The ground plane must be connected to the shield of the antenna connector.



See figure below:

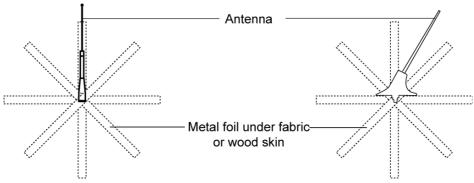


Figure 16: Antenna ground plane for non metallic aircraft

According to the antenna to be installed, use the appropriate outline drawings and drilling masks to determine the hole patern and drill size refer to the relevant antennae outline dimensions page 49, page 51, page 52.

Fabricate a 50 Ohms coaxial cable long enough to reach between the ELT installation location and the antenna location.

IMPORTANT: The use of a low attenuation coaxial cable is recommended. The maximum permitted attenuation in the coaxial is 2db@400 MHz (See Important notice, External antennas, page 7).

Fit both ends of coaxial cable with a waterproof Male BNC connector (not supplied), reference RADIALL R141007 or equivalent.

Connect one Male BNC connector to the antenna Female BNC socket.



6. RCP installation

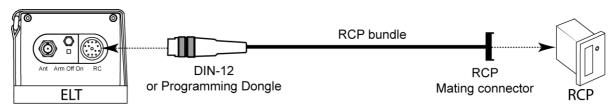
A. RCP Installation Recommendations

The RCP shall be installed in the cockpit. The RCP shall be readily accessible from the pilot's normal seated position.

B. RCP Installation Procedure

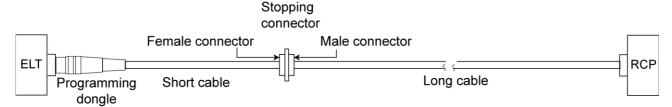
(1)DIN-12 connector, programming dongles other than AIRBUS dongles
The RCP must be connected to the ELT via a DIN-12 connector (P/N S1820514-03), a Programming Dongle or Dongle IF GPS RS232 (Refer to Section 12. Compatibility list for INTEGRA ELTs System, page 69) on the ELT side and the relevant mating connector of the RCP on the RCP side (except for RC100 and RC102, wires directly connected to the RCP without connectors).

Figure 17: Example of connection ELT to RCP



NOTE 1: in order to easily remove the programming dongle, when the RCP is connected to the ELT via a Programming Dongle (P/N S1820514-01), it is recommended to fit its cable with a stopping connector as close as possible to it (see figure below).

Figure 18: Bundle with stopping connector

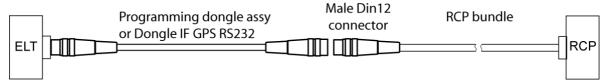


NOTE 2: The mounting of a stopping connector may be skipped by using our pre-wired Programming Dongle ASSY (P/N S1820514-06). This dongle is fitted with the Programming Dongle (S1820514-01) on the ELT side and a female DIN-12 connector on the RCP side. In this case, a RCP bundle must be fabricated using a male DIN-12 connector (reference P/N S1820514-03 or BINDER 680-1-09-0329-00-12) and the relevant mating connector of the RCP.



The Dongle IF GPS RS232 is also fitted with a male DIN-12 connector on the ELT side and a female DIN-12 connector on the RCP side.

Figure 19: Programming Dongle ASSY / Dongle IF GPS RS232



(2) AIRBUS Programming dongles

Programming dongle INTEGRA / SA (P/N S1820514-11) and Programming dongle INTEGRA / LR (P/N S1820514-07) are pre-wired programming dongle specific for AIRBUS aircraft, they are fitted with:

- the programming dongle S1820514-01 on the ELT side and a Jaeger 19 connector on the RCP side for the programming dongle INTEGRA / SA, The programming dongle INTEGRA / SA, P/N S1820514-11, is supplied with its connection cable compliant with AIRBUS standard. No supplementary connection cable has to be made.
- the programming dongle S1820514-01on the ELT side and an open-end connector with five crimped male contacts on the RCP side for the programming dongle INTEGRA / LR.

Figure 20: Programming dongle INTEGRA / SA



Figure 21: Programming dongle INTEGRA / LR





(3) RC100

RC100 RCP is supplied as a kit (Refer to Figure 22: RC100 mounting diagram).

Connection of RC100 requires a 3-wire bundle or 5-wire bundle if an outside buzzer is connected. A pin-to-pin wiring has to be provided by the installer with AWG24 wires. Shielded wires are recommended.

The wires are soldered to the switch pins, a resistor and LED pins. This operation can be carried out before installation.

On the ELT side, the wires are soldered to a 12-pin plug that can be either a standard "DIN12 connector" (P/N S1820514-03) or a connector with an integrated serial memory module called "Programming Dongle" (P/N S1820514-01).

Mount and install RCP

Refer to Figure 22: RC100 mounting diagram

NOTE: Pins of LED, pins of switch and resistor must be protected by heat shrinkable sleeves.

- Place the front plate (1) on the instrument panel;
- Trace the centers of the two holes according to drilling mask supplied;
- Drill a hole Ø 8 mm for the LED mounting (2) (top of the panel);
- Drill a hole Ø6.5 mm for the switch (3) (bottom of the panel);
- Tear off protection from self-adhesive film;
- Stick the front plate (1) on the instrument panel;
- Install the LED mounting (2), with washer (2a) and nut (2b). Tighten nut;
- Solder the resistor (4) to pin 1 of Switch (3);
- Connect the anode (long pins) of LED (5) to pin 2 of switch (3);
- Make a strap between pin 3 of switch (3) and resistor (4);
- Connect wires to pin 2 of switch (3), the resistor (4) and the cathode (short pins) of LED (5);
- Stuck the "identification label" (6) on the cable bundle near the switch;
- Insert the LED into the LED stand (7) taking care the flat part of the LED be in front of the flat part of the LED stand;
- Insert LED (5) fitted with LED stand (7) inside the LED mounting (2);
- Install the switch (3) with washer (3a) and nut (3b), locked position upwards. Tighten nut.



Figure 22: RC100 mounting diagram Ø8 [0.32] drilling-Instrument panel Anode Cathode (2a) (Long pin) (Short pin) (2)Flat (5)Detail of led (3a) Ø6.5 [0.26] drilling up *1 Heat shrinkable sleeves (not supplied) down _ocked position = $\square N$ Locked position = ARMED Momentary position = RESET & TEST (6)

Connect RCP to ELT

Solder the DIN12 connector or Programming Dongle on the other side of the bundle: Refer to Figure 47: RC100 Wiring diagram, page 56

-≈35 [1,38] -> 26 [1,02] | -

Outside buzzer installation and connection (option)

- Mount and install buzzer: Refer to Section 7. Outside Buzzer Installation, page 32.
- Connect the buzzer to the ELT: Refer to Figure 47: RC100 Wiring diagram, page 56.



(4) RC102

RC102 RCP is supplied as a kit (Refer to Figure 23: RC102 mounting diagram, page 26). 2 types of front plates may be installed. Choose the appropriate front plate according to the aircraft's instrument panel. The kit also includes 2 LEDs. The white LED is a NVG LED (Night Vision Goggles) only used for military aircraft, the red LED is a standard LED.

CAUTION: use NVG LED only for military aircraft equipped for night vision googles. Never install this LED in RCP for standard aircraft.

Connection of RC102 requires a 2-wire bundle. A pin-to-pin wiring has to be provided by the installer with AWG24 wires. Shielded wires are recommended.

The wires are soldered to a PCB installed on the switch. This operation can be carried out before installation.

On the ELT side, the wires are soldered to a 12-pin plug that can be either a standard "DIN12 connector" (P/N S1820514-03) or a connector with an integrated serial memory module called "Programming Dongle" (P/N S1820514-01).

Mount and install RCP

Refer to Figure 23: RC102 mounting diagram, page 26.

NOTE: Pins of LED must be protected by heat shrinkable sleeves.

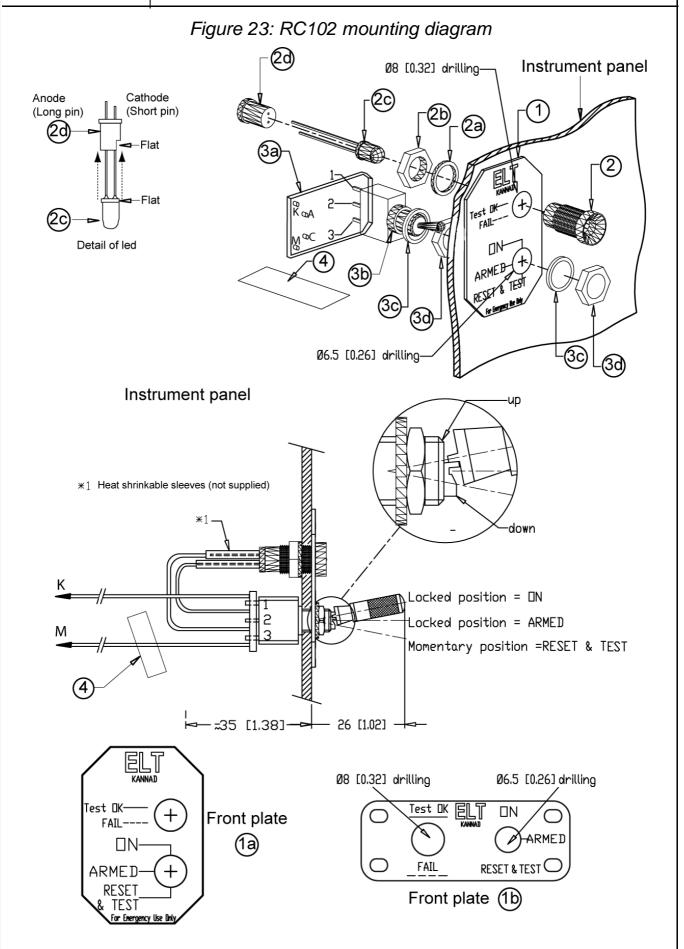
Front plate (1a)

- Place the front plate (1a) on the instrument panel and use it as drilling mask or;
- Trace the centers of the two holes according to drilling mask supplied;
- Drill a hole Ø 8 mm for the LED mounting (2) (top of the panel);
- Drill a hole Ø6.5 mm for the switch (3b) (bottom of the panel); Note: the switch (3b) is already soldered to a PCB (3a)
- Tear off protection of front plate (1a) from self-adhesive film;
- Stick the front plate (1a) onto the instrument panel;
- Install the LED mounting (2), with washer (2a) and nut (2b). Tighten nut:
- Connect the anode (long pin) of LED (2c) to A of PCB (3a);
- Connect the cathode (short pin) of LED (2c) to C of PCB (3a);
- Connect wires to K and M of PCB (3a);
- Insert the LED into the LED stand (2d) taking care the flat part of the LED be in front of the flat part of the LED stand;



- Insert LED (2c) fitted with LED stand (2d) inside the LED mounting (2);
- Install the switch and PCB assembly (3b+3a) with washers (3c) and nuts (3d), locked position upwards. Tighten nut;
- Stuck the "identification label" (4) on the cable bundle near the PCB. Front plate (1b)
- Place the front panel (1b) on to the instrument panel and use it as drilling mask or;
- Trace the centers of the two holes according to drilling mask supplied;
- Drill a hole Ø 8 mm for the LED mounting (2) (left of the panel);
- Drill a hole Ø6.5 mm for the switch (3b) (right of the panel); Note: the switch (3b) is already soldered to a PCB (3a).
- Drill 4 holes of Ø 3 mm for the screws used to fix the RCP;
- Screw the front plate (1b) onto the instrument panel;
- Install the LED mounting (2), with washer (2a) and nut (2b). Tighten nut;
- Connect the anode (long pin) of LED (2c) to A of PCB (3a);
- Connect the cathode (short pin) of LED (2c) to C of PCB (3a);
- Connect wires to K and M of PCB (3a);
- Insert the LED into the LED stand (2d) taking care the flat part of the LED be in front of the flat part of the LED stand;
- Insert LED (2c) fitted with LED stand (2d) inside the LED mounting (2);
- Install the switch and PCB assembly (3b+3a) with washers (3c) and nuts (3d), locked position upwards. Tighten nut;
- Stuck the "identification label" (4) on the cable bundle near the PCB.







Connect RCP to ELT

Solder the DIN12 connector or Programming Dongle on the other side of the bundle (pins K and M):

Refer to Figure 48: RC102 Wiring diagram, page 57

Stuck the "CAUTION label" on the cable bundle close to the DIN12 connector.

(5) RC200

The RC200 RCP is designed to be installed:

- either on the instrument panel with 4 screws (rivets bush recommended, not supplied);
- or below the instrument panel with a special mounting tray (supplied).

Installation on the instrument panel

- Determine RC200 location on the instrument panel:
- Make a cutout on the instrument panel according to the Drilling mask (Refer to RC200 Outline Dimensions, page 44).
- Mark the 4 holes needed for the RC200 using the drilling mask or the RC200 as a guide.
- Drill the 4 marked holes, diameter depending on rivets bush used.
- Install the RC200 by fitting it into the cutout.
- Secure the RC200 (4 rivets bush recommended). Note: Rivets bush are not supplied.

Installation below the instrument panel

Refer to Figure 24: Installation of RC200 with mounting tray.

Determine RC200 location below the instrument panel (be sure the location meets the requirements established in RTCA-DO-204).

- According to the "area to be drilled" (1) of the mounting tray (3), determine the location of the screws or rivets (2) used to secure the mounting tray (3) to the instrument panel (4).
- Drill 2 holes on the mounting tray and on the instrument panel, diameter depending on screws or rivets used.
- Secure the mounting tray (3) to the instrument panel (4).
- Secure the RC200 (5) to the mounting tray (3) with the 2 screws (6) supplied (torque 0.8 Nm).



Figure 24: Installation of RC200 with mounting tray

Connection with DIN-12 connector or Dongle

Refer to Figure 49: RC200 Wiring diagram, page 58

RC200 is an RCP without internal buzzer. It can be connected to an optional outside buzzer and/or to an external warning

A 3-wire bundle is required to connect RC200 to the ELT. If the optional outside buzzer and/or external warning is installed, a 4-wire bundle is required.

Fabricate a 3 or 4-wire bundle (AWG 24, shielded preferred) long enough to reach between the ELT installation location and the cockpit RCP location.

Slide heat-shrinkable sleeves on both sides of each wire.

On the ELT side:

 Solder the wires to the DIN-12 connector (or programming dongle) to be connected to the ELT or to the DIN-12 male connector of RCP bundle if a Programming Dongle ASSY (Refer to Figure 19: Programming Dongle ASSY / Dongle IF GPS RS232, page 21) or Dongle IF GPS RS232 is used (Refer to Figure 59: Dongle IF GPS RS232 Wiring Diagram).

On the RCP side:

- Solder the wires from DIN-12 connector to the female 9-pin D-SUB connector according to wiring diagram.
- Put heat-shrinkable sleeves to protect the pins.

Outside buzzer installation and connection (option)

- Mount and install buzzer: Refer to Section 7. Outside Buzzer Installation, page 32.



 Connect the outside buzzer: Refer to Figure 49: RC200 Wiring diagram, page 58.

External warning installation and connection (option): Refer to Figure 49: RC200 Wiring diagram, page 58

Connect the female 9-pin D-SUB connector to the male 9-pin D-SUB plug of the RC200.

(6) RC300 / RC300-NVG

The RC300 RCP is designed to be installed in a standard rack of an aircraft cockpit. As compliant with NF L 65-211 standard, no drilling is necessary to install this RCP. The precise location of RC300 is to be determined according to aircraft manufacturer instruction.

A male 9-pin D-SUB connector, reference AMPHENOL 17DE09PTZ or equivalent, must be used as mating connector to connect the bundle to the RCP connector.

Connection with DIN-12 connector or Dongle

Refer to Figure 50: RC300 Wiring diagram, page 59

Fabricate a 4-wire bundle (AWG 24, shielded preferred) long enough to reach between the ELT installation location and the cockpit panel RCP location. Slide heat-shrinkable sleeves on both sides of each wire.

On the ELT side:

Solder the wires to the DIN-12 connector (or programming dongle) to be connected to the ELT or to the DIN-12 male connector of RCP bundle if a Programming Dongle ASSY (Refer to Figure 19: Programming Dongle ASSY / Dongle IF GPS RS232, page 21) or Dongle IF GPS RS232 is used (Refer to Figure 59: Dongle IF GPS RS232 Wiring Diagram, page 68).

On the RCP side:

- Solder the wires to the male 9-pin D-SUB connector according to wiring diagram.
- If an optional outside buzzer is connected:
 - Mount and install the buzzer: Refer to Section 7. Outside Buzzer Installation, page 32
 - Connect the buzzer: Refer to Figure 50: RC300 Wiring diagram, page 59.

Put heat-shrinkable sleeves to protect the pins.

 Connect the male 9-pin D-SUB connector to the female 9-pin D-SUB plug of RC300.

kannad

INITIAL INSTALLATION MANUAL AF INTEGRA / AF-H INTEGRA

(7) RC310

RC310 is designed to be installed on the instrument panel with two screws, washers and nuts.

The following connections are required:

- A 4-wire bundle for connection with the ELT. A pin-to-pin wiring has to be provided by the installer with AWG24 wires. Shielded cable is recommended.
- 2 wires for NVG function.
- 2 wires for Dimming function.

Installation

- -Determine RC310 location on the instrument panel.
- -Mark a cut out on the instrument panel according to the outline dimensions (Refer to Figure 37: RC310 Outline Dimensions, page 46).
- Make the cut out.
- Mark the 2 holes needed for RC310 using the front panel as a guide.
- Drill the 2 marked holes, diameter depending on screws used (see Note below).
- Instal RC310 by fitting into the cut out.
- Secure RC310 using two screws, washers and nuts.

Note: M3 screws LN9439, M3 washers LN9016 and anchor nuts with self-locking threads LN29671 are recommended.

Connection with DIN12 connector or Dongle

Refer to Figure 51: RC310 Wiring diagram, page 60

Fabricate a 4-wire bundle (AWG 24, shielded preferred) long enough to reach between the ELT installation location and the cockpit panel RCP location. Slide heat-shrinkable sleeves on both sides of each wire.

On the ELT side:

Solder the wires to the DIN-12 connector (or programming dongle) to be connected to the ELT or to the DIN-12 male connector of RCP bundle if a Programming Dongle ASSY (Refer to Figure 19: Programming Dongle ASSY / Dongle IF GPS RS232, page 21) or Dongle IF GPS RS232 is used (Refer to Figure 59: Dongle IF GPS RS232 Wiring Diagram, page 68).

On the RCP side:

- Solder the wires to the female 9-pin D-SUB connector according to



wiring diagram.

Put heat-shrinkable sleeves to protect the pins.

Connect the male 9-pin D-SUB connector to the female 9-pin D-SUB plug of RC300.

Backlight and night vision functions

For backlight and Night Vision functions, 4 wires shall be connected to the female D-SUB 9-Pin connector as follows:

- Slide heat-shrinkable sleeves on connector sides of each wire.
- Pin 3 has to be connected to Dimmfunction of aircraft.
- Pin 4 has to be connected to NVG in of aircraft.
- Pin 5 has to be connected to Night in of aircraft.
- Pin 8 has to be connected to GND Dimming voltage.
- Put heat-shrinkable sleeves to protect the pins.

(8) RC600 NVG

The RC600 NVG RCP is designed to be installed in a standard rack of a military helicopter cockpit. As compliant with NF L 65-211 standard, no drilling is necessary to install this RCP. The precise location of RC600 is to be determined according to aircraft manufacturer instruction.

A female 22-pin socket, reference D38999/26JC35SA, must be used as mating connector to connect the bundle to the RCP connector.

Connection with DIN-12 connector or Dongle

Refer to Figure 52: RC600 Wiring diagram, page 61

Fabricate a 4-wire bundle (AWG 24, shielded preferred) long enough to reach between the ELT installation location and the cockpit panel RCP location. Slide heat-shrinkable sleeves on both sides of each wire.

On the ELT side:

Solder the wires to the DIN-12 connector (or programming dongle) to be connected to the ELT or to the DIN-12 male connector of RCP bundle if a Programming Dongle ASSY is used (Refer to Figure 19: Programming Dongle ASSY / Dongle IF GPS RS232, page 21) or Dongle IF GPS RS232 is used (Refer to Figure 59: Dongle IF GPS RS232 Wiring Diagram, page 68).

On the RCP side:

- Solder the wires to the female 22-pin socket according to wiring diagram.
- Connect Ouside Lamp, Horn, Lamp test and Backlight.



- If an optional outside buzzer is connected:
 - Mount and install the buzzer: Refer to Section 7. Outside Buzzer Installation, page 32
 - Connect the buzzer: Refer to Figure 52: RC600 Wiring diagram, page 61.

Put heat-shrinkable sleeves to protect the pins.

- Connect the female 22-pin socket to the male 22-pin plug of RC600.

(9) RC800

RC800 is an RCP designed to be fixed with 2 DZUS locks on a standard mounting tray of the aircraft's instrument panel

For connection with DIN-12 connector or Programming dongle other than programming dongle for AIRBUS aircraft, Refer to Figure 53: RC800 Wiring Diagram with standard connector / dongle, page 62.

For connection with Programming dongle INTEGRA / SA, Refer to Figure 54: RC800 Wiring Diagram with Dongle INTEGRA / SA, page 63.

For connection with Programming dongle INTEGRA / LR, Refer to Figure 55: RC800 Wiring Diagram with Dongle INTEGRA / LR, page 64.

(10) RC810

RC810 is an RCPs designed to be fixed with 2 DZUS locks on a standard mounting tray of the aircraft's instrument panel

For connection with DIN-12 connector or Programming dongle other than programming dongle for AIRBUS aircraft, Refer to Figure 56: RC810 Wiring Diagram with standard connector / dongle, page 65.

For connection with Programming dongle INTEGRA / SA, Refer to Figure 57: RC810 Wiring Diagram with Dongle INTEGRA / SA, page 66.

For connection with Programming dongle INTEGRA / LR, Refer to Figure 58: RC810 Wiring Diagram with Dongle INTEGRA / LR, page 67.

7. Outside Buzzer Installation

- Drill 3 x Ø 3mm holes according to drilling mask (Refer to Figure 32: Outside buzzer, Outline dimensions);
- Fix the mounting tray (1) with 3 M3 screws and nuts or with 3 rivets;
- Install the buzzer (2) on the into the mounting tray and tighten plastic nut (3) (maximum torque on plastic nut: 6Nm);
- Crimp the Fast-On terminals (4) on the wires;
- Wrap the Fast-On terminals with heat shrinkable sleeve (5) (25 mm);
- Using clamps (6), fix the wires on the mounting tray;



• Affixed the label (7) on the wires.

Figure 25: Buzzer installation

AWG24 Wire (CF24)

Remark: clip for wire size from 0.3 to 1.5mm²

3 3 56 [2.20]

3 7 7 9

8. ELT Connection

- Connect the cable of the external antenna to the BNC connector of the front panel.
- 2. Connect the DIN12 connector of the Remote Control Panel cable to the DIN 12 socket of the front panel.
- 3. Set the 3-position switch of the front panel to ARM.

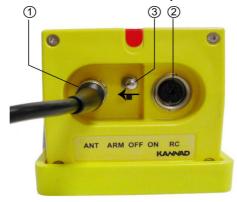


Figure 26: Installation, controls and connectors



Perform the first power up procedure (see below).

9. First power up procedure

Do not perform these tests without the antenna connected.

A. ELT operational tests

NOTE: ELT operational tests only provide the aircraft operator with an indication that the ELT is transmitting; however, a positive result cannot be interpreted as meaning that the ELT meets all operational parameters.

- Check that the antenna is correctly connected
 Do not perform self-test without antenna connected.
- Tune aircraft radio to 121.5 MHz and ensure you can hear it.
- Switch from position "OFF" to position "ARM" or press RESET & TEST on the Remote Control Panel (ensure that the ELT switch is in position "ARM").
- Listen for the buzzer or watch the LED it operates during the whole Selftest procedure. Close to the end of self-test a short (3 sweeps) 121.5 transmission is made confirm this on the aircraft radio.
- 10 seconds after the beginning of the self test, the test result is displayed with the red visual indicator and the buzzer will sound:
 - One long flash (duration 1 second) indicates that the system is operational and that no error conditions were found.
 - A series of short flashes (200 ms) indicates the test has failed.

Remark: The number of flashes gives an indication of the faulty parameter detected during the self-test.

3+1	LOW BATTERY VOLTAGE
3+2	LOW RF POWER
3+3	FAULTY VCO LOCKING (FAULTY FREQUENCY)
3+4	NO IDENTIFICATION PROGRAMMED
3+5	FAULTY VSWR (EXT. ANTENNA)
3+6	INTERNAL GPS SERIAL LINK (ELT internal check)

If self-test fails, contact the distributor as soon as possible.
Unless a waver is granted, flight should be cancelled.



B. RCP operational tests

Check correct operation of RCP LED annunciator by switching ELT and RCP as described in the sequential procedure Figure 27: RCP LED operation (with ELT switch in the "ARM" position).

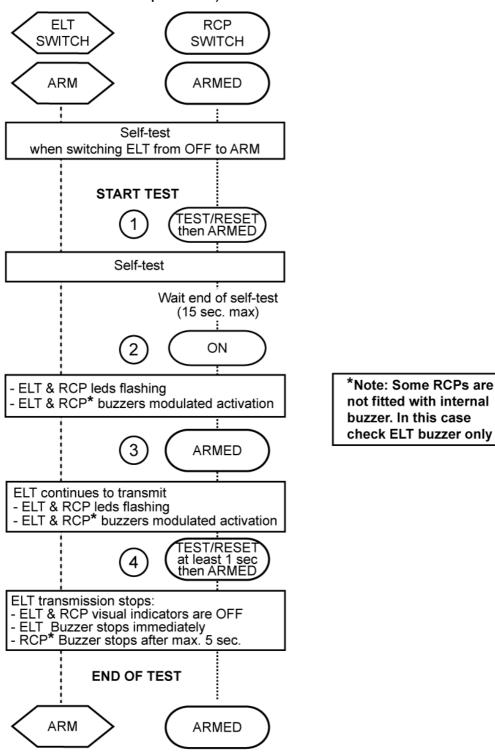


Figure 27: RCP LED operation



C. 406 and 121.5 MHz transmission test

NOTE: Transmissions tests only provide the aircraft operator with an indication that the ELT is transmitting; however, a positive result cannot be interpreted as meaning that the ELT meets all operational parameters.

(1)406 MHz

This test should be carried out with a COSPAS-SARSAT decoder.

Note: If a COSPAS-SARSAT decoder is not available, the coding sheet supplied by the programmer for the beacon (or dongle) with the corresponding CSN proves that the beacon (or dongle) is correctly programmed. Skip to § (2) 121.5 MHz.

- Perform self-test (Press RESET and TEST on the RCP or switch ELT from OFF to ARM).
- Check with the COSPAS-SARSAT decoder that, except for the 5th and the 6th digits, the decoded message is identical to the programmed message.

NOTE: The message transmitted during self-test sequence always begins with FF FE D0 whereas a programmed message begins with FF FE 2F.

Example of message programmed in ELT:

FF FE **2F** 96 E3 AF 0F 0F 7F DF FF 62 60 B7 83 E0 F6 6C

Example of same message decoded by Cospas-Sarsat Decoder:

FF FE **D0** 96 E3 AF 0F 0F 7F DF FF 62 60 B7 83 E0 F6 6C

(2) 121.5 MHz

This check shall only be conducted during the first five minutes of any UTC, (co-ordinated universal time) hour, and <u>restricted in duration to not more than five seconds</u>. Be sure to notify any nearby control tower of your intentions.

This test must be carried out with a VHF receiver either with the aircraft VHF receiver of with a not on-board VHF receiver.

IMPORTANT: Aircraft VHF receiver may be used only if 406 MHz test was carried out with a Cospas-Sarsat decoder, otherwise check 121.5 MHz using a VHF receiver (not the on-board VHF receiver) several dozens meters away from the antenna. This ensures to validate the antenna.

- Tune VHF receiver to 121.5 MHz;
- Start transmission:
 - either on ELT: ON position;
 - or on the RCP: ON position (the ELT shall be in ARM position);
- Only 2 "sweep tones" are heard after 5 seconds, then the 121.5 MHz stops.



- Stop transmission:
 - either on ELT: OFF or ARM position;
 - or on the Remote Control Panel: press TEST and RESET (the ELT shall be in ARM position).
 - continue to listen to 121.5 MHz for a few seconds to ensure that the ELT does not continue to transmit after the test is terminated.

IMPORTANT: If the ELT operates for approximately 50 seconds, a 406 MHz signal is transmitted and is considered valid by the satellite system.

At the end of the first power up procedure, switch the ELT to ARM.

The ELT is now in stand by mode and ready to be activated:

- either automatically by G-Switch sensor if a crash occurs;
- or manually by Remote Control Panel.
 Note: switching to ON directly on the ELT front panel will also activate the ELT.



10. Outline dimensions and weights

Figure 28: Outline Dimensions and weight with Compact Mounting Bracket

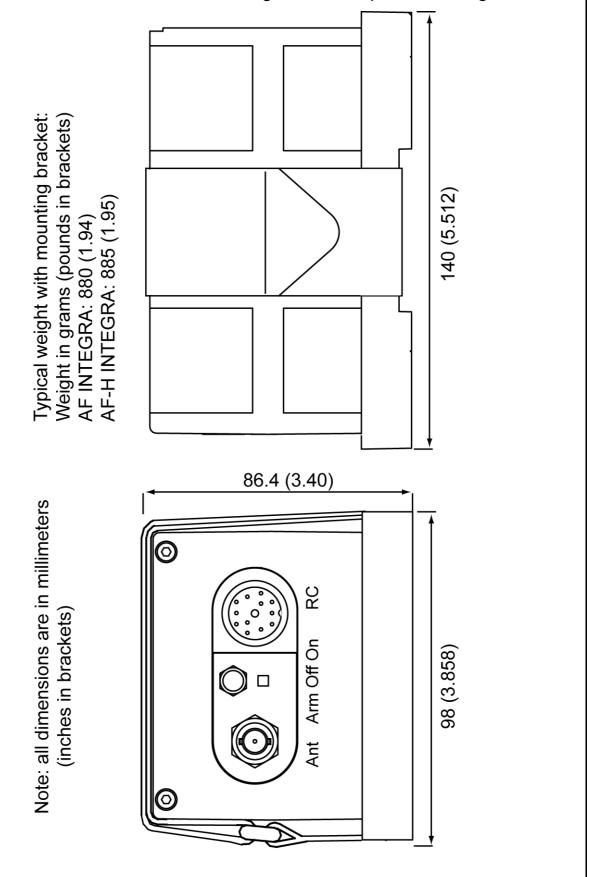
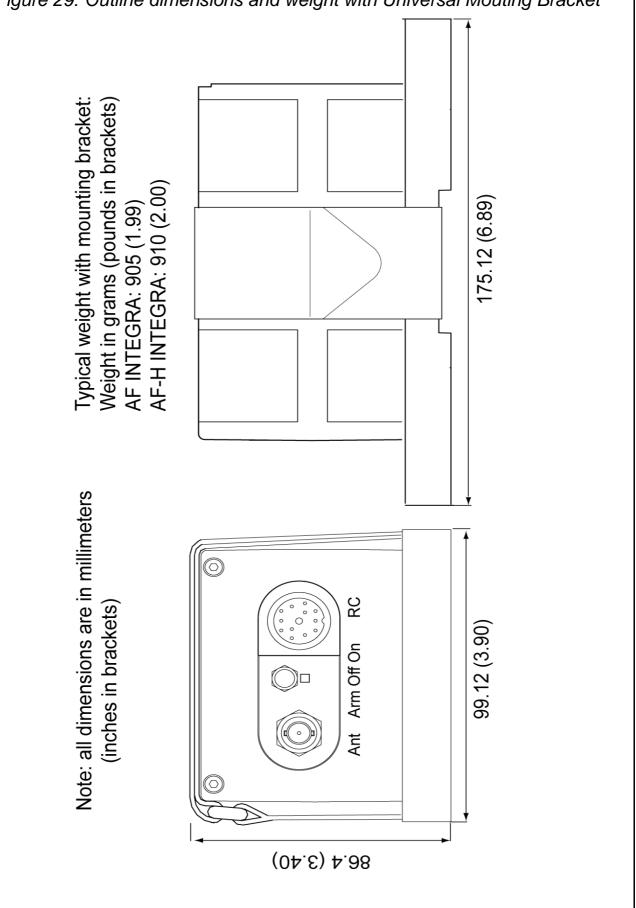




Figure 29: Outline dimensions and weight with Universal Mouting Bracket

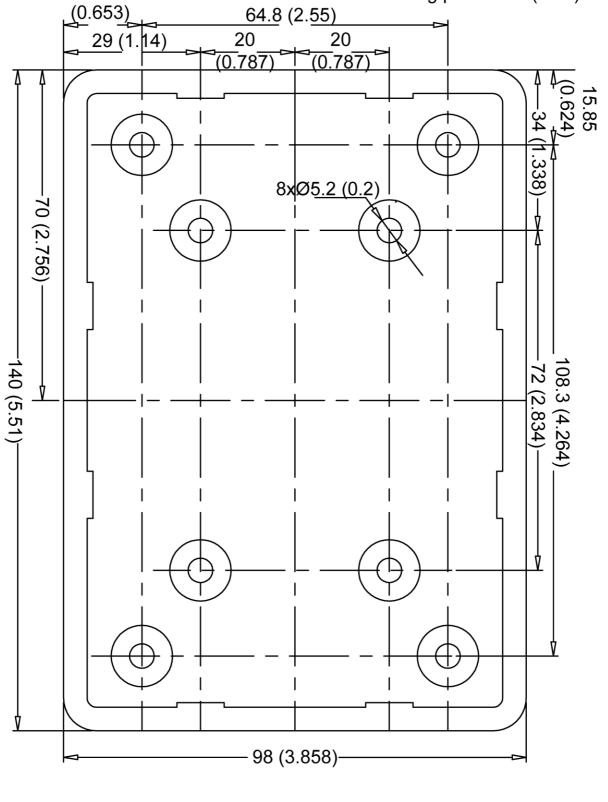


PAGE: 39



Figure 30: Compact Mounting bracket (\$1840502-01), Outline dimensions and weight

Note: all dimensions are in millimeters (inches in brackets) (pounds in brackets) with attaching parts: 157 (0.35)



PAGE: 40



Figure 31: Compact Universal Mounting bracket (\$1840502-02), Outline dimensions and weight

Note: all dimensions are in millimeters (inches in brackets)

Typical weight in grams (pounds in brackets) with attaching parts: 182 (0.40)

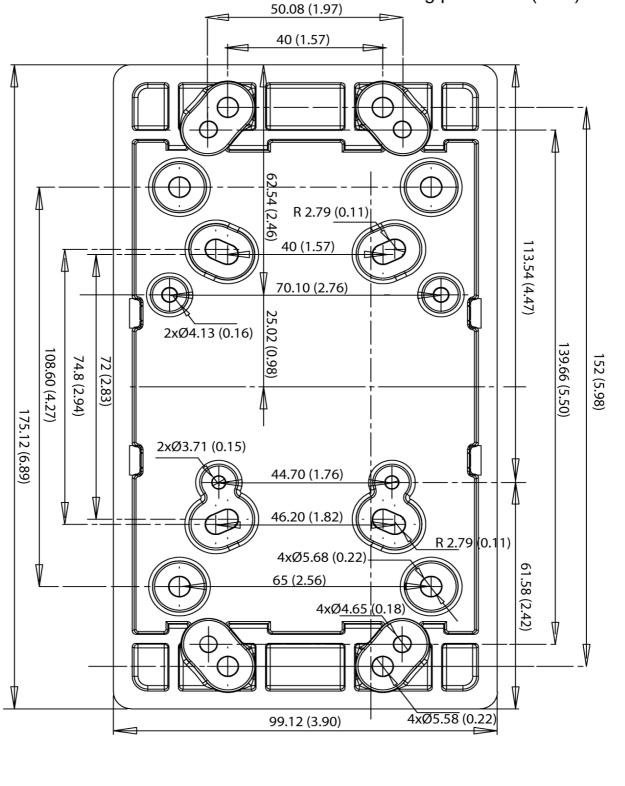




Figure 32: Outside buzzer, Outline dimensions

Note: all dimensions are in millimeters (inches in brackets)

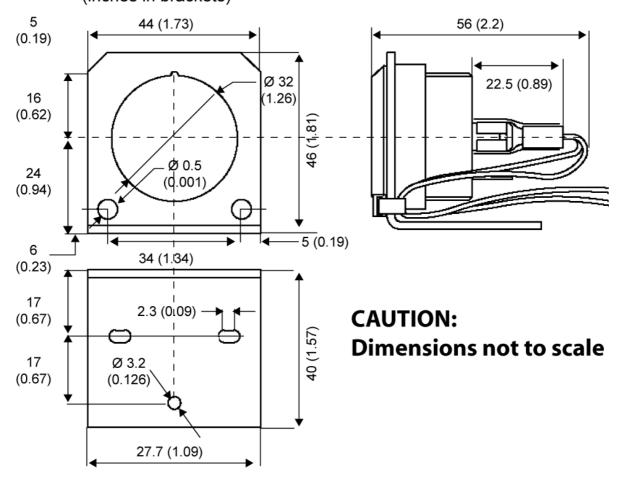


Figure 33: RC100 Outline dimensions

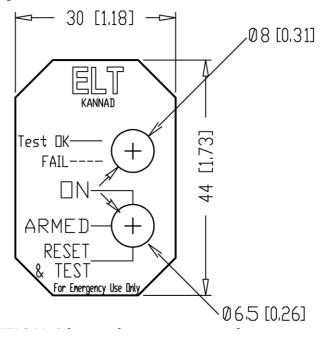
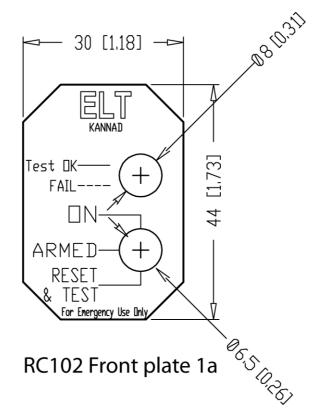
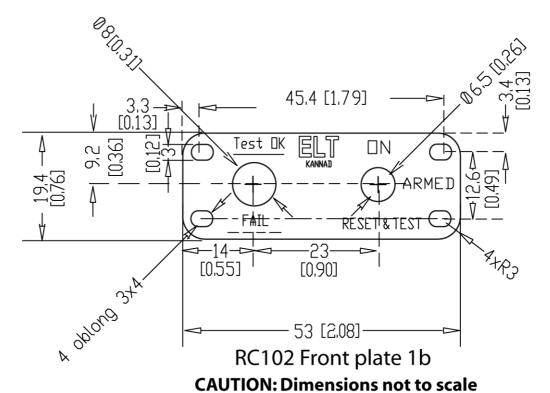




Figure 34: RC102 Outline dimensions

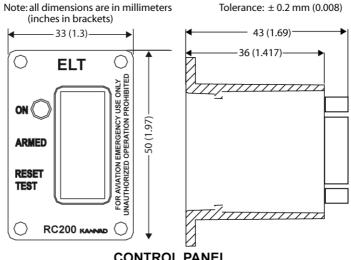




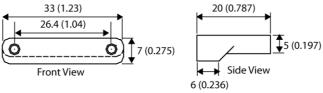
PAGE: 43



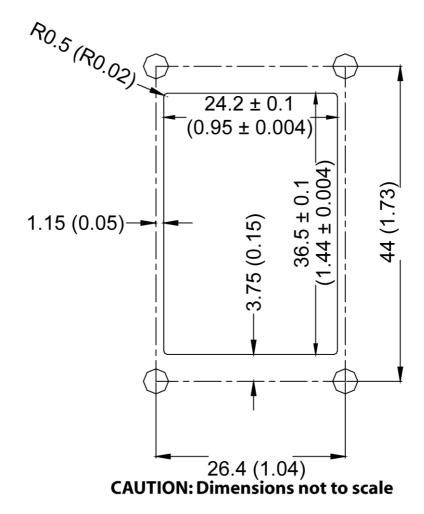
Figure 35: RC200 Outline Dimensions



CONTROL PANEL



MOUNTING TRAY

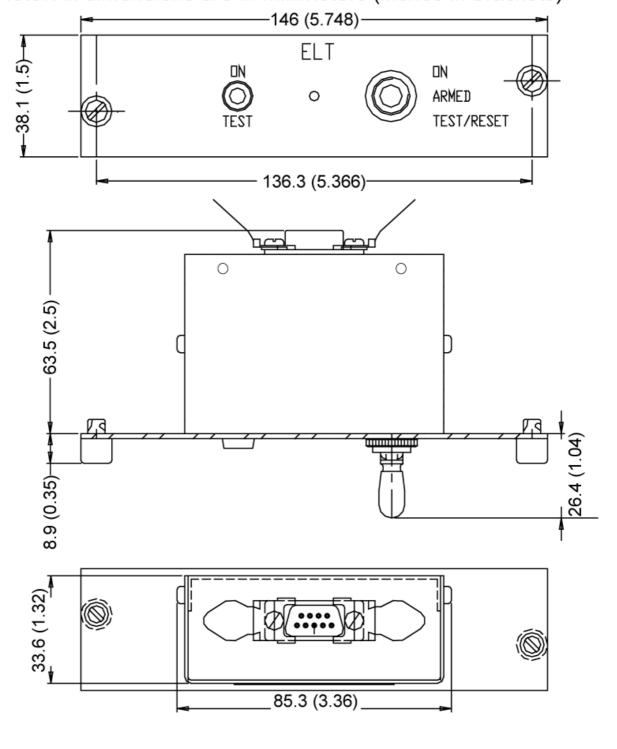


PAGE: 44

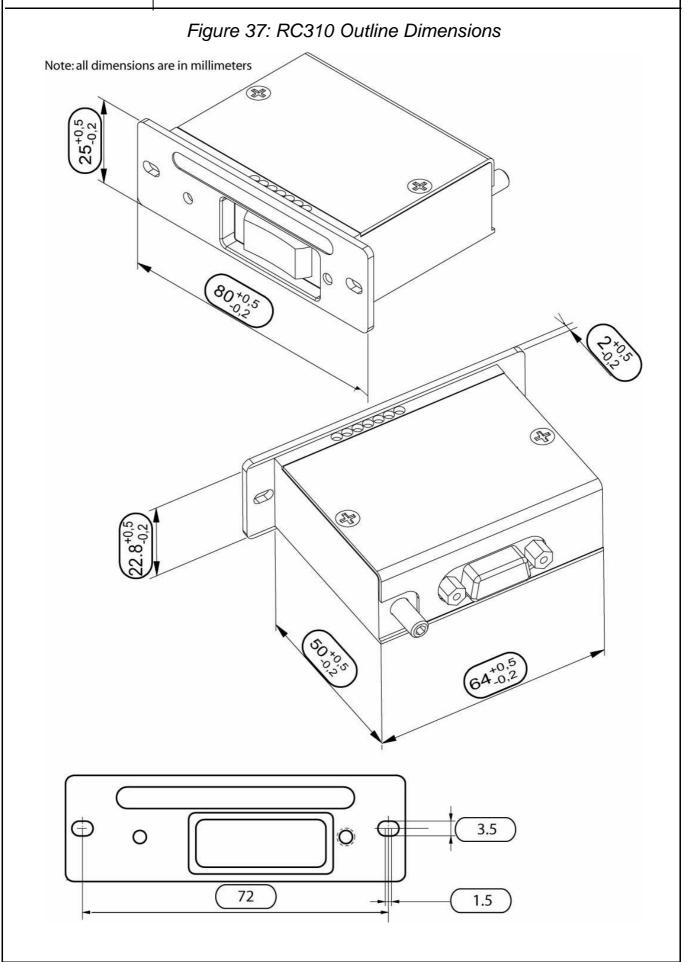


Figure 36: RC300 Outline Dimensions

Note: All dimensions are in millimeters (inches in brackets)





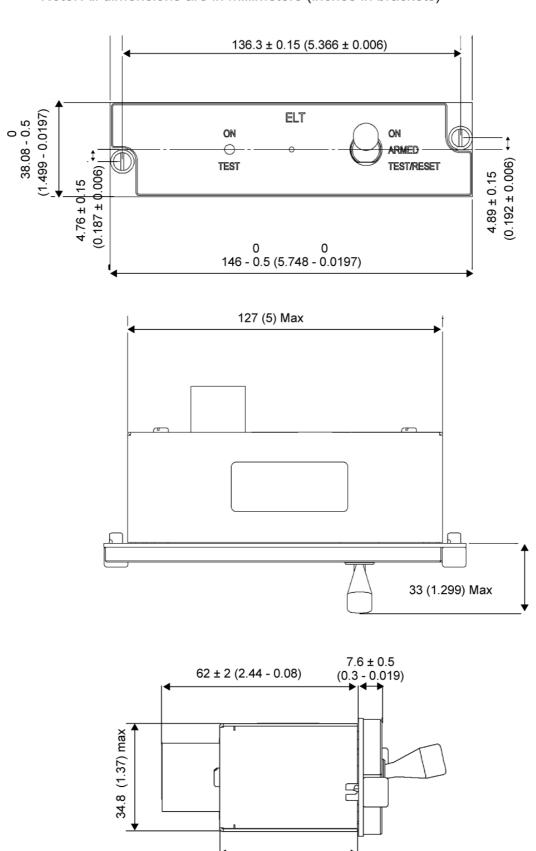


PAGE: 46



Figure 38: RC600 Outline dimensions

Note: All dimensions are in millimeters (inches in brackets)



44.8 ± 1 (1.764 - 0.0393)

PAGE: 47



Figure 39: RC800 / 810 Outline dimensions

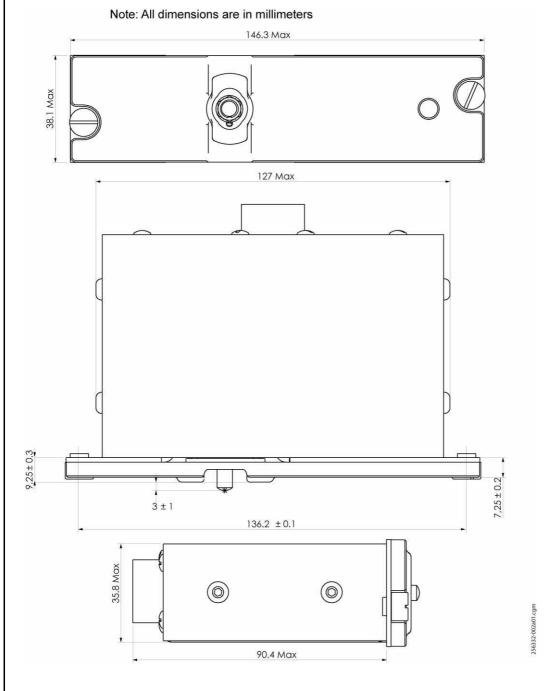




Figure 40: AV-100 Outline dimensions and weight Note: All dimensions are in millimeters (inches in brackets) Weight 85 g. (0.19 lbs.) 350 mm (13.75")Max 12.7 mm (0.500'')**Mounting Hole** Moisture Seal Outside of -Aircraft Mounting holethrough Aircraft skin Name Plate Lock Washer-Hex Nut-

PAGE: 49



Figure 41: AV-200 Outline dimensions and weight

Note: all dimensions are in milimeters (inches in brackets) Weight: 85 g (0.19 lbs) -12.7 (0.500) 13 (0.515) 12.1 (0.476) Mounting Hole **Mounting Hole** option 2 option 1 Moisture seal Outside of aircraft-Mounting hole through_ aircraft skin Name plate-

PAGE: 50

JUN 20/2013

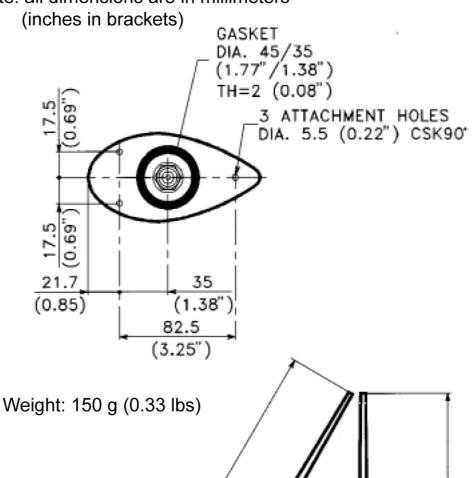
Lock washer-

Hex nut -



Figure 42: ANT300 Outline dimensions and weight

Note: all dimensions are in millimeters (inches in brackets)



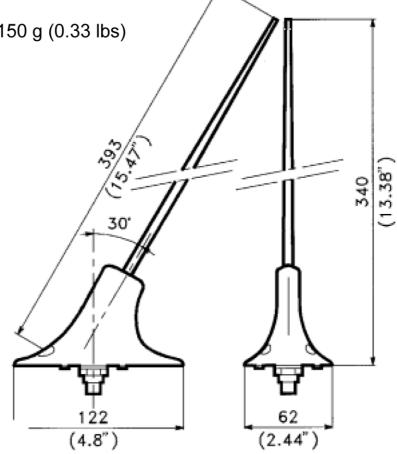
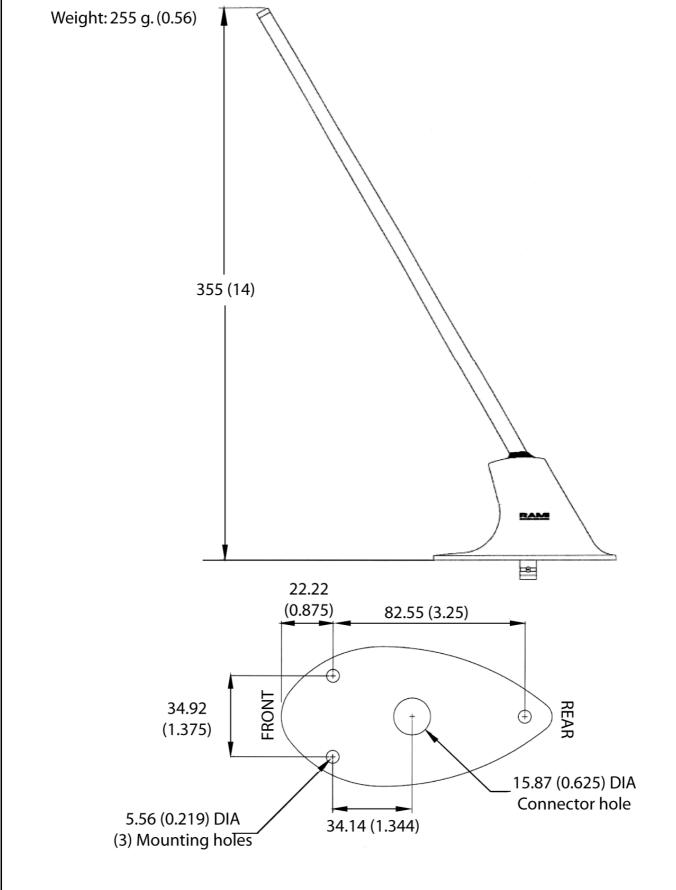




Figure 43: AV-300 Outline dimensions and weight

Note: all dimensions are in milimeters (inches in brackets)



PAGE: 52



Figure 44: ANT500, Outline dimensions and weight

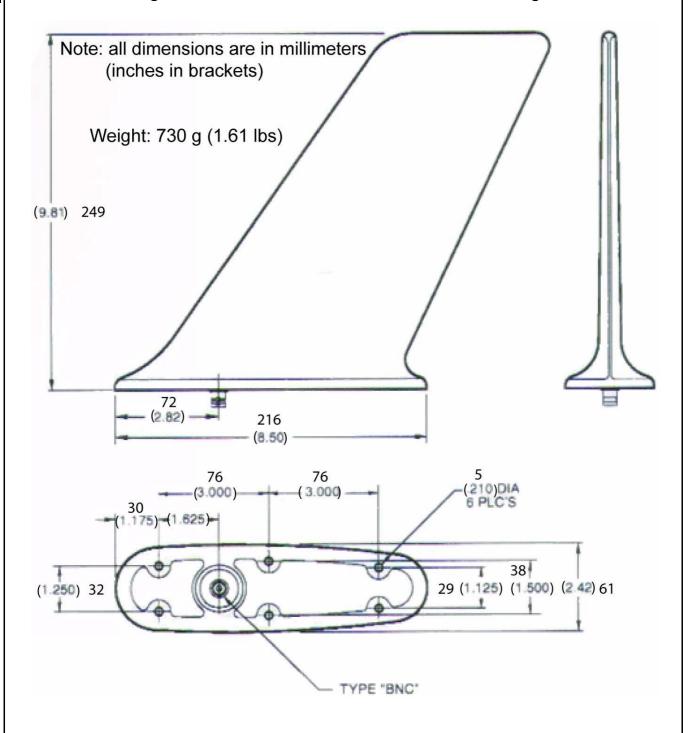
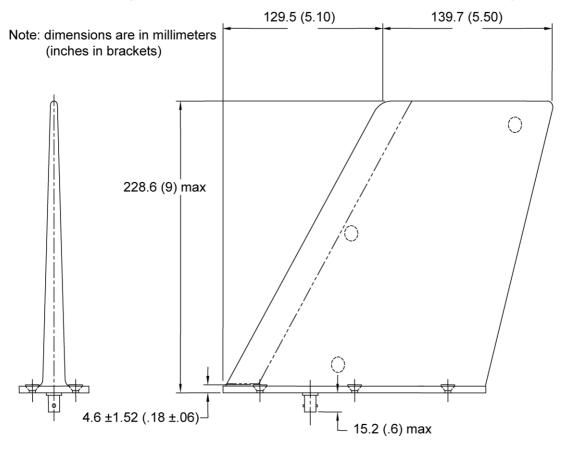
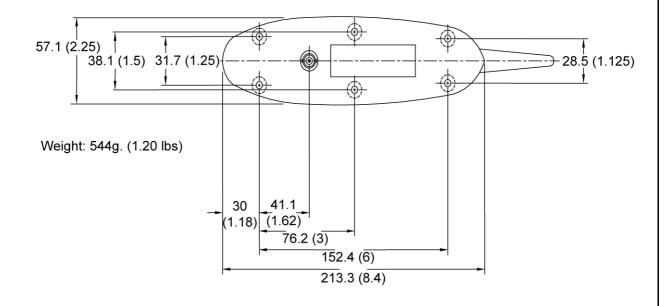




Figure 45: ANT560, Outline dimensions and weight



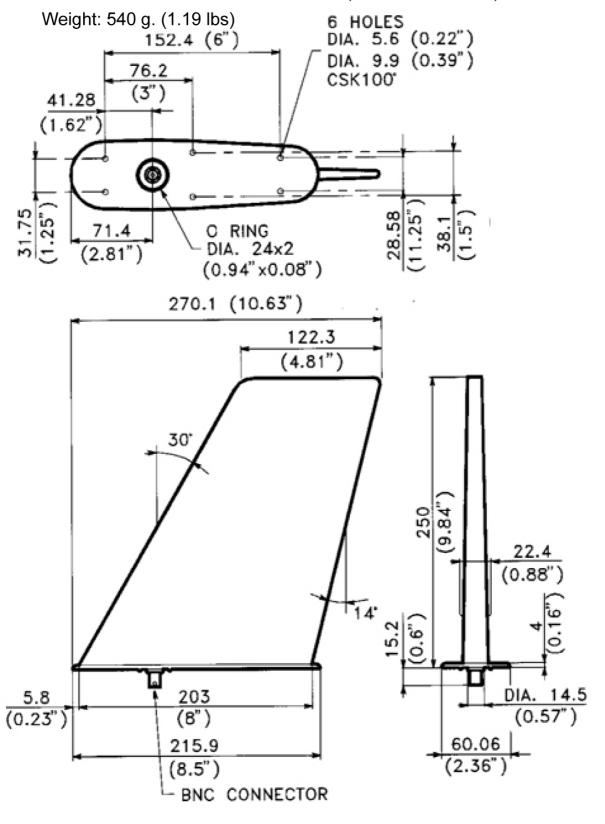


PAGE: 54



Figure 46: ANT650, Outline dimensions and weight

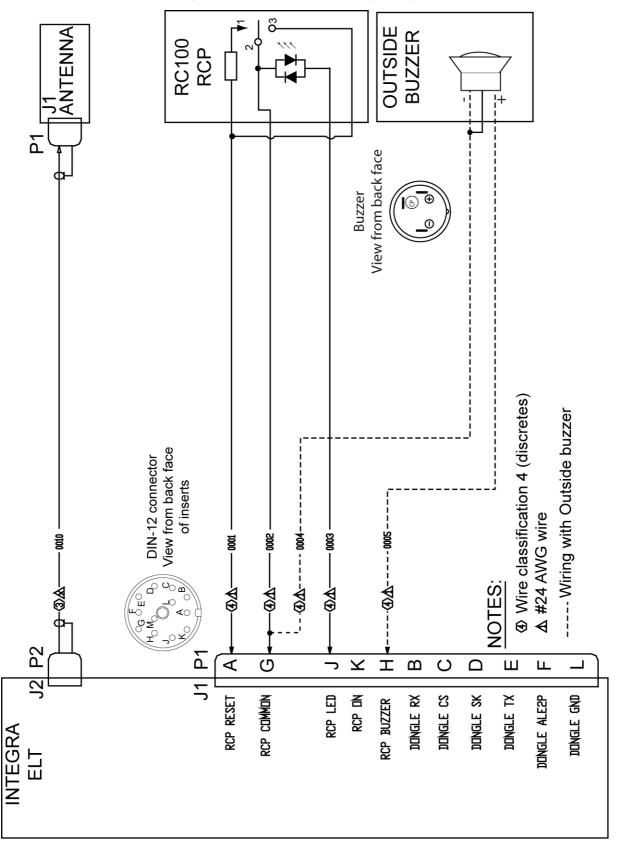
Note: all dimensions are in millimeters (inches in brackets)





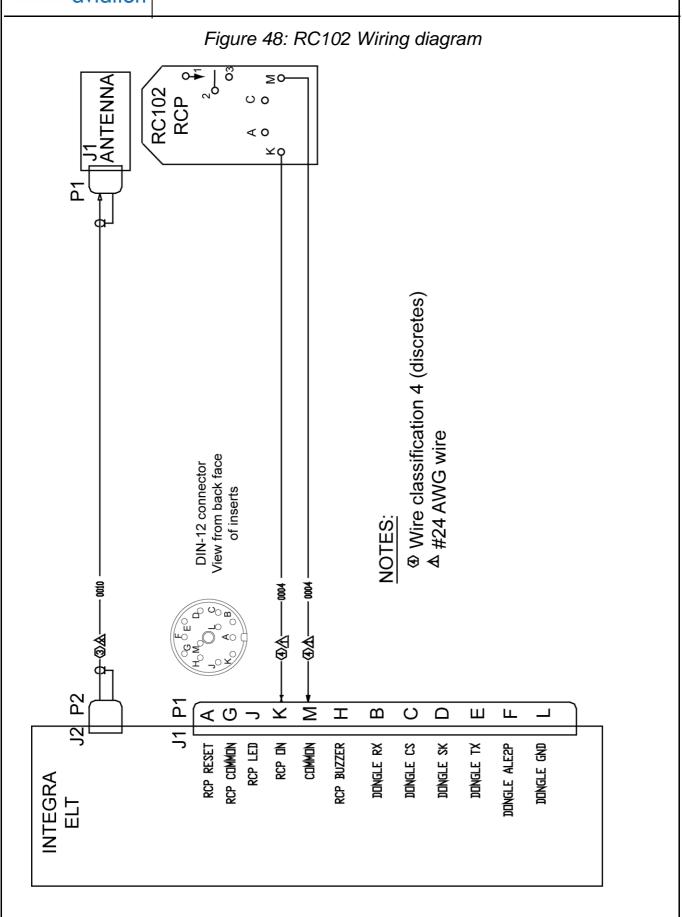
11. Wiring diagrams

Figure 47: RC100 Wiring diagram

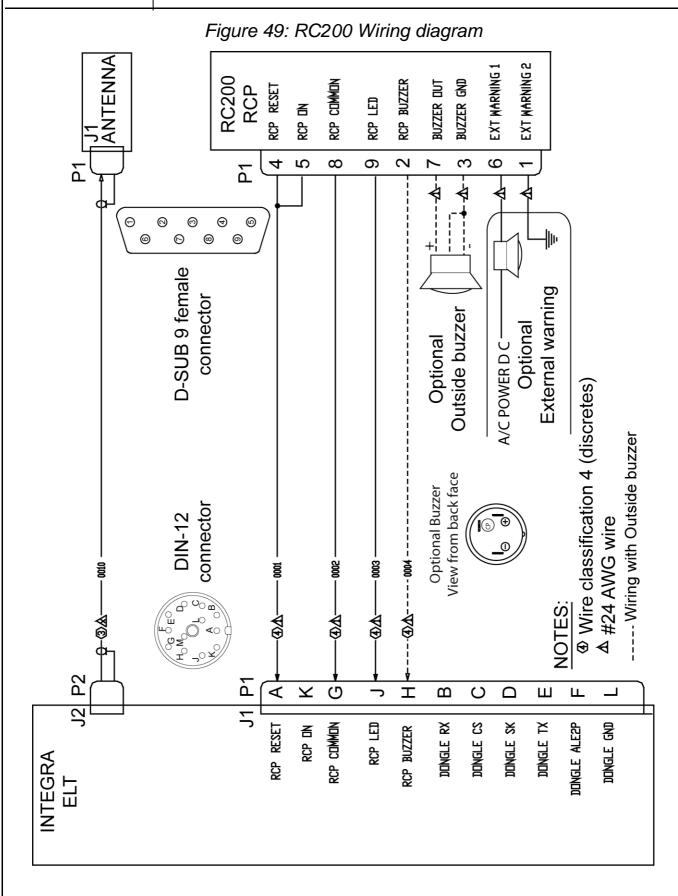


PAGE: 56

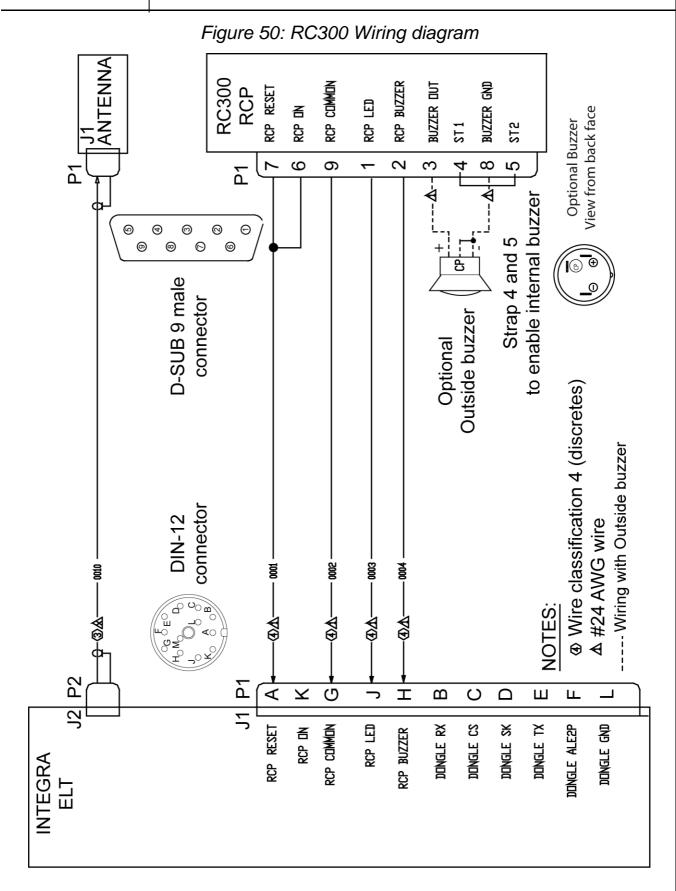




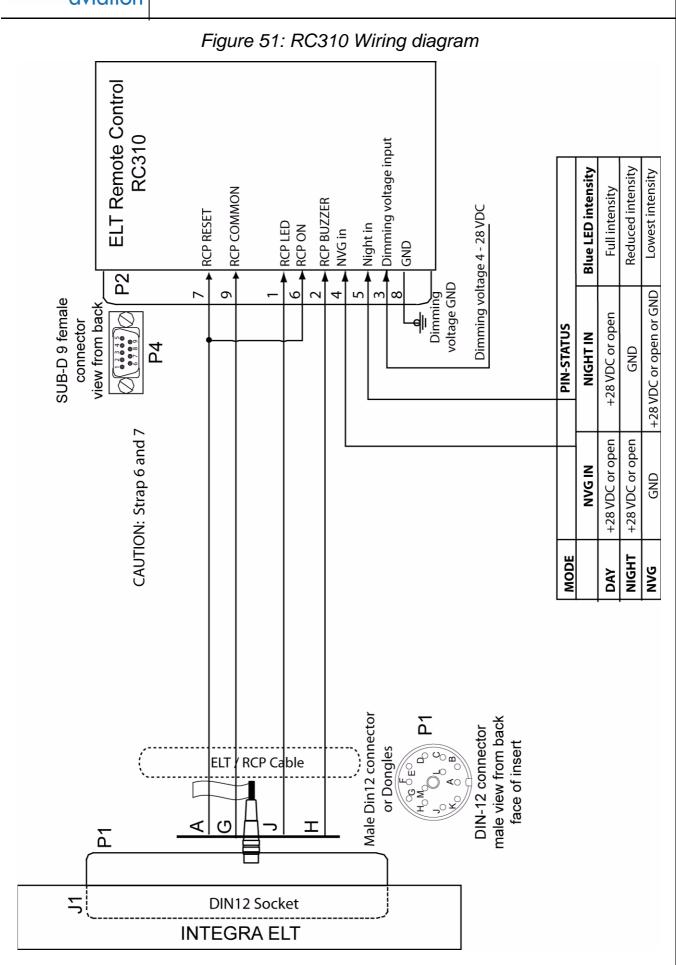












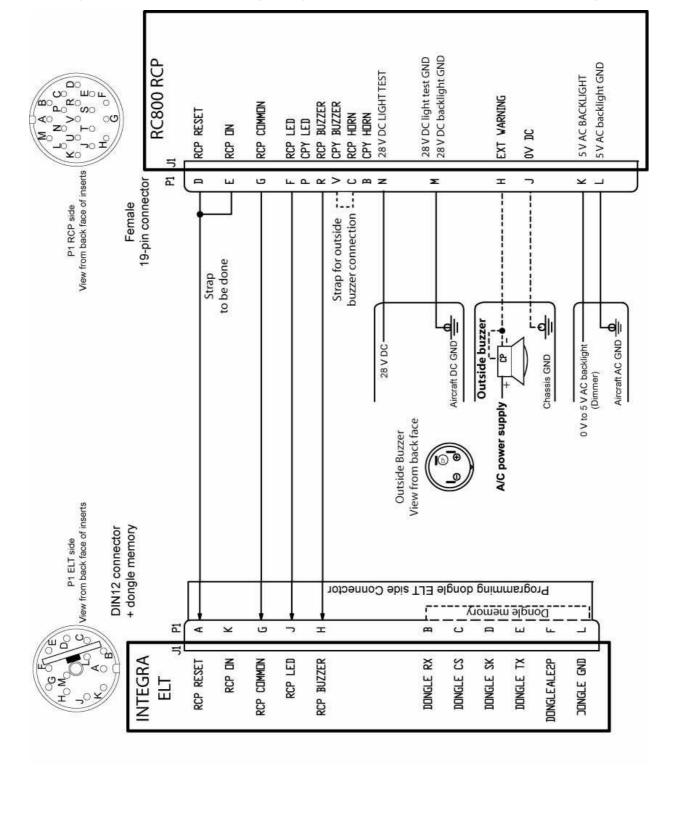
PAGE: 60



Figure 52: RC600 Wiring diagram RC600 RCP OUTSIDE BUZZER+ OUTSIDE BUZZER P1 RCP side View from back face of inserts **BACK LIGHT PWR** BACK LIGHT GND OUTSIDE LAMP **OUTSIDE HORN** CHASSIS GND RCP BUZZER RCP COMMON LAMP PWR LAMP GND LAMP TEST RCP RESET RCP LED $\stackrel{\mathsf{R}}{=}$ RCP 12 14 13 16 10 17 5 4 9 to enable internable buzzer 딥 --**₩** --₩0---**-**₩ ₩ ₩ ₩ **₩** ♦ ₩ Strap 4 and 5 22-pin connector Outside lamp <u>-</u> Horn **Backlight** Lamp test Optional Outside buzzer + 28 V -+ 28 V **-**+ 28 V + 28 V View from back face 100 -88 -000 Wire classification 4 (discretes) ----Wiring with Outside buzzer PROGRAMMING DONGLE ₹ ₩ ₹ ₹ P1 ELT side View from back face of inserts ద ⋖ 9 Ŧ ပ ▲ #24 AWG wire RCP ON RCP LED RCP COMMON DONGLE TX RCP RESET RCP BUZZER DONGLE RX DONGLE CS DONGLE SK DONGLE ALE2P DONGLE GND INTEGRA EF



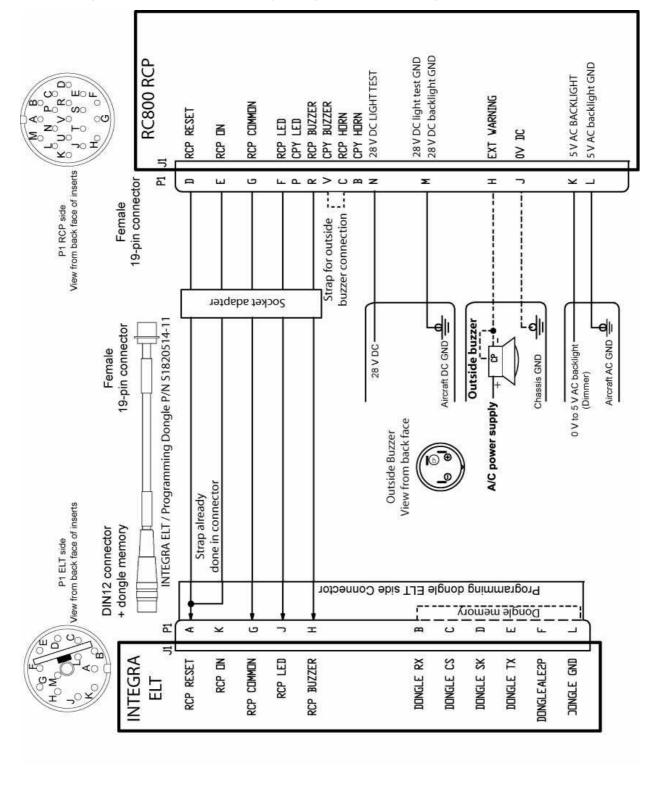
Figure 53: RC800 Wiring Diagram with standard connector / dongle



PAGE: 62



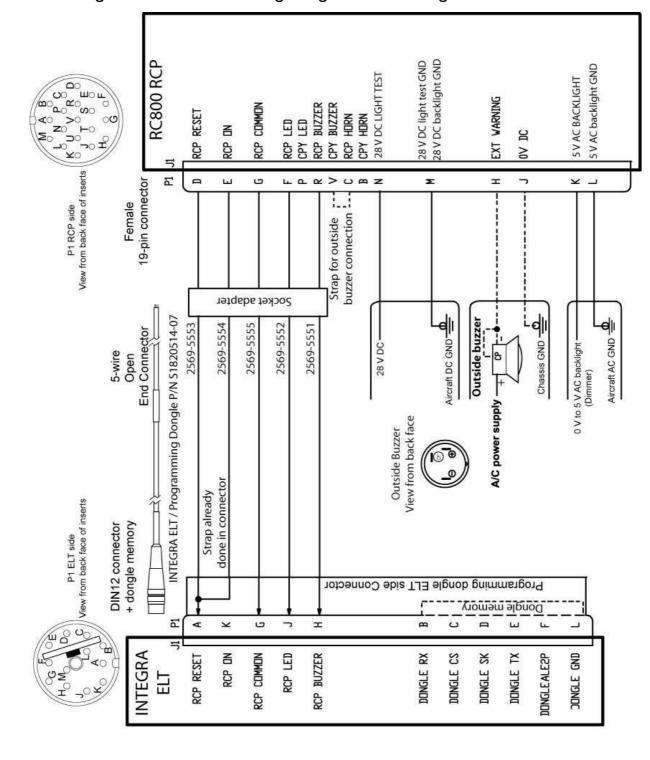
Figure 54: RC800 Wiring Diagram with Dongle INTEGRA / SA



PAGE: 63



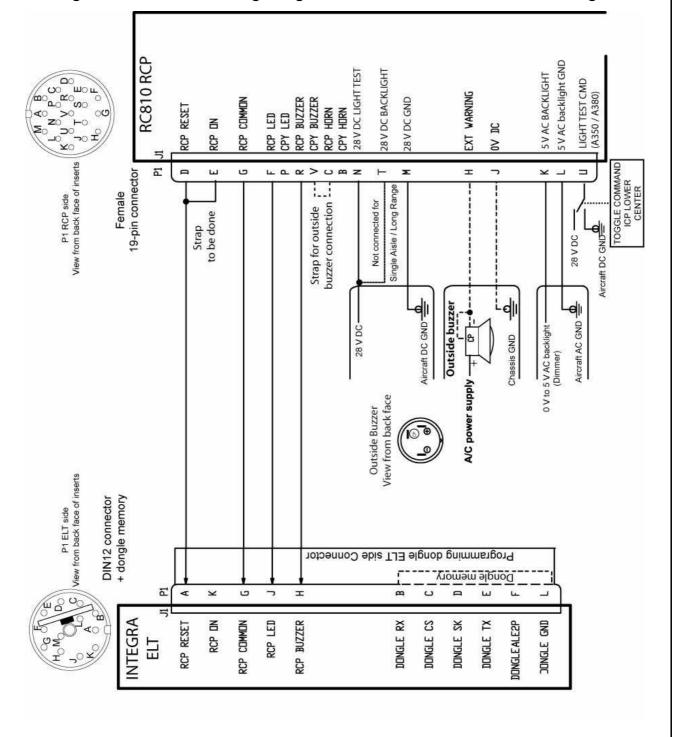
Figure 55: RC800 Wiring Diagram with Dongle INTEGRA / LR



PAGE: 64



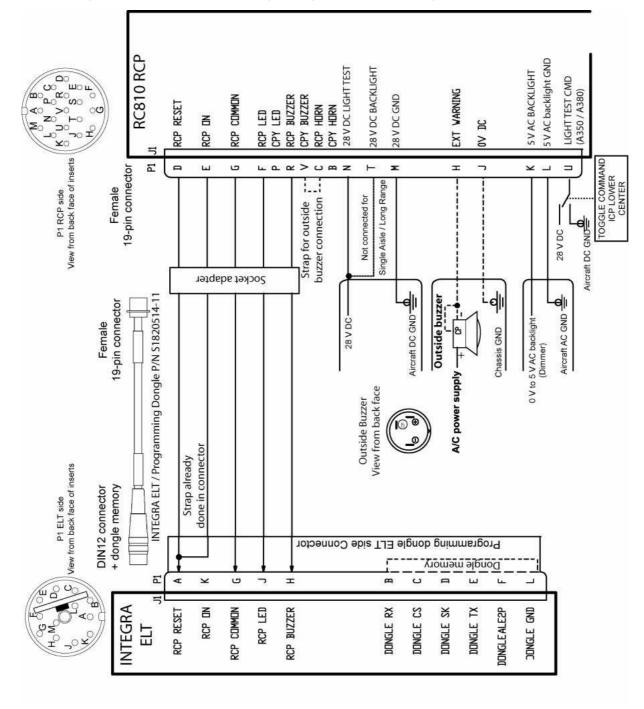
Figure 56: RC810 Wiring Diagram with standard connector / dongle



PAGE: 65



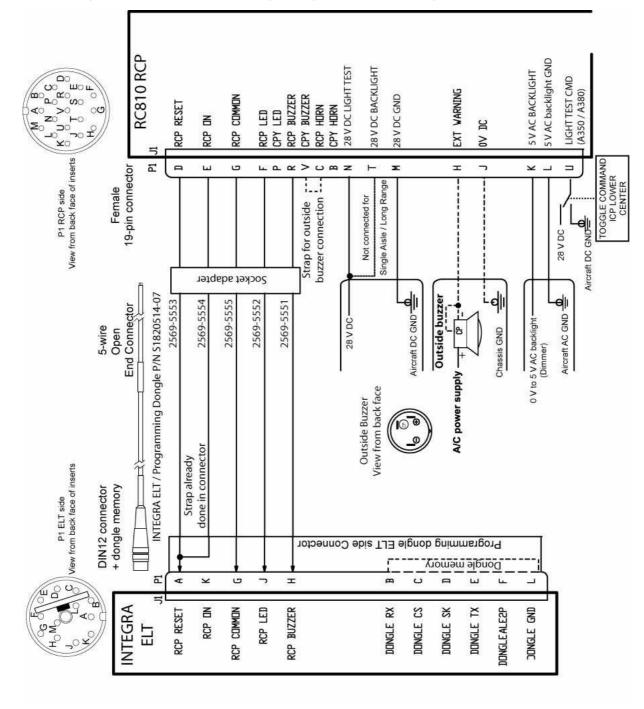
Figure 57: RC810 Wiring Diagram with Dongle INTEGRA / SA



PAGE: 66



Figure 58: RC810 Wiring Diagram with Dongle INTEGRA / LR



PAGE: 67



Figure 59: Dongle IF GPS RS232 Wiring Diagram RS232 Data Output REMOTE CONTROL PANEL On board GPS male view from back DIN-12 connector COMMON 2W (for RC102 only) face of insert RCP ON (for RC102 only) GPS GND RS232 GPS Tx RS232 RCP COMMON RCP BUZZER RCP RESET RCP LED I Σ connector **DIN-12** P3 P3 Dongle IF GPS RS232 DIN12 Socket Integra Elt

PAGE: 68



12.Compatibility list for INTEGRA ELTs System

A. Mounting brackets

KANNAD Designation KANNAD Part Number

COMPACT MOUNTING BRACKET KIT \$1840502-01 COMPACT UNIVERSAL MOUNT. BRACKET KIT \$1840502-02

B. Remote control panels (RCP)

KANNAD Designation	KANNAD Part Number		
RC100 KIT	S1820513-03		
RC102 KIT	S1820513-21		
RC200	S1820513-11		
RC300	S1820513-09		
RC300-NVG	S1820513-10		
RC310-NVG	S1820513-26		
RC600 NVG (Y)	S1820513-12		
RC600-NVG (W)	S1820513-13		
RC800	S1820513-15		
RC810	S1820513-23		

C. DIN-12 connector or programming dongles

KANNAD Designation	KANNAD Part Number
DIN-12 connector	S1820514-03
Programming dongle	S1820514-01
Programming Dongle INTEGRA LR	S1820514-07
Programming Dongle INTEGRA SA	S1820514-11
Programming dongle Assy	S1820514-06
Dongle IF GPS RS232	S1820514-08 ⁽¹⁾

Note (1): Fulfills functions of ELT to RCP cable, programming dongle and GPS/NAV equipment interface when connected to an on board RS232 GPS.



INITIAL INSTALLATION MANUAL AF INTEGRA

D. Outside buzzer

KANNAD Designation KANNAD Part Number

OUTSIDE BUZZER KIT \$1820515-06

E. External antennas

KANNAD Designation	Manufacturer	KANNAD Part Number
ANT300	CHELTON 1327-82	0124220
WHIP ANT AV100	RAMI AV-100	0147444
WHIP ANT AV200	RAMI AV-200	0146150
ROD ANT AV300	RAMI AV-300	0146151
BLADE ANT500	SENSOR SYSTEMS S65-8282-406	0124222
BLADE ANT560	DAYTON GRANGER ELT10-696-1	0145787
BLADE ANT650	CHELTON 2624-82	0124251
N/A	CHELTON 21-41	N/A
N/A	CHELTON 2636-82	N/A

PAGE: 70





Manufactured by Orolia S.A.S.

Z.I. des Cinq Chemins CS10028 56520 GUIDEL - FRANCE

Tél. / Phone : +33 (0) 2 97 02 49 49

Fax: +33 (0) 2 97 65 00 20

A Company of the Orolia Group

DOC09081D Ref: 0146259D